



⚠ Read this manual carefully before operating this vehicle.

OWNER'S MANUAL

FZ-09

FZ09E(C)

LIT-11626-27-39

1RC-28199-10

EAU10043

WARNING

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

YAMAHA

LIT-CALIF-65-01

 **Read this manual carefully before operating this vehicle. This manual should stay with this vehicle if it is sold.**

Congratulations on your purchase of the Yamaha FZ09E(C). This model is the result of Yamaha's vast experience in the production of fine sporting, touring, and pacesetting racing machines. It represents the high degree of craftsmanship and reliability that have made Yamaha a leader in these fields.

This manual will give you an understanding of the operation, inspection, and basic maintenance of this motorcycle. If you have any questions concerning the operation or maintenance of your motorcycle, please consult a Yamaha dealer.

The design and manufacture of this Yamaha motorcycle fully comply with the emissions standards for clean air applicable at the date of manufacture. Yamaha has met these standards without reducing the performance or economy of operation of the motorcycle. To maintain these high standards, it is important that you and your Yamaha dealer pay close attention to the recommended maintenance schedules and operating instructions contained within this manual.

Yamaha continually seeks advancements in product design and quality. Therefore, while this manual contains the most current product information available at the time of printing, there may be minor discrepancies between your motorcycle and this manual. If there is any question concerning this manual, please consult a Yamaha dealer.



WARNING

Please read this manual and the “YOU AND YOUR MOTORCYCLE: RIDING TIPS” booklet carefully before operating this motorcycle. Do not attempt to operate this motorcycle until you have attained adequate knowledge of its controls and operating features. Regular inspections and careful maintenance, along with good operating techniques, will help ensure that you safely enjoy the capabilities and reliability of this motorcycle.

IMPORTANT MANUAL INFORMATION

EAU10134

Particularly important information is distinguished in this manual by the following notations:

	This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.
 WARNING	A WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
NOTICE	A NOTICE indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the vehicle or other property.
TIP	A TIP provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

*Product and specifications are subject to change without notice.

IMPORTANT MANUAL INFORMATION

EAU10194

**FZ09E(C)
OWNER'S MANUAL**
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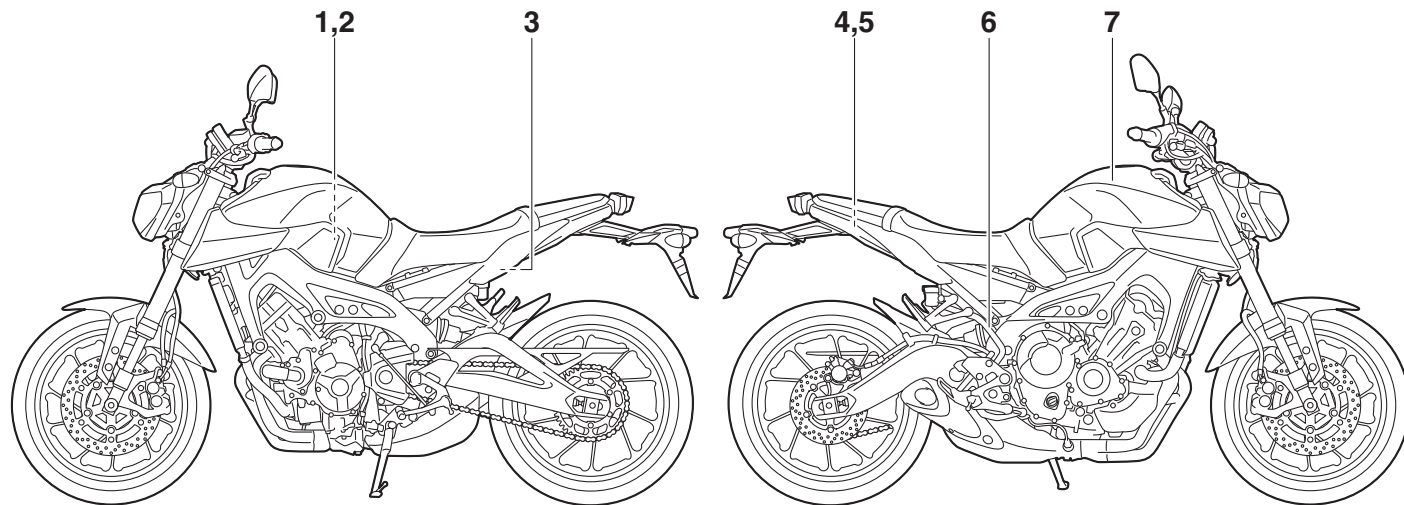
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LOCATION OF IMPORTANT LABELS

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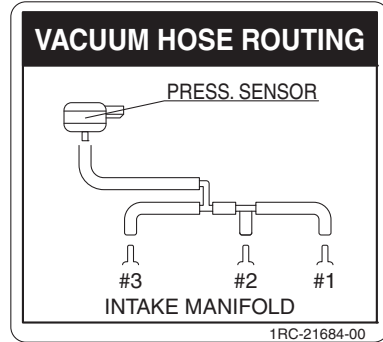
1

Read and understand all of the labels on your vehicle. They contain important information for safe and proper operation of your vehicle. Never remove any labels from your vehicle. If a label becomes difficult to read or comes off, a replacement label is available from your Yamaha dealer.

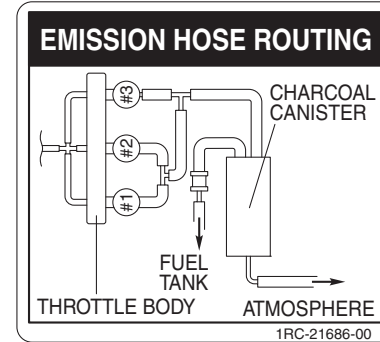


LOCATION OF IMPORTANT LABELS

1 California only



2 California only



3

TIRE INFORMATION

Cold tire normal pressure should be set as follows.

- Up to 90 kg (198 lbs) load

FRONT : 250 kPa, (2.50 kgf/cm²), 36 psi

REAR : 290 kPa, (2.90 kgf/cm²), 42 psi

- 90kg (198 lbs) ~ maximum load

FRONT : 250 kPa, (2.50 kgf/cm²), 36 psi

REAR : 290 kPa, (2.90 kgf/cm²), 42 psi

14B-21668-00

4

⚠ WARNING

Improper loading can cause loss of control.
Read owner's manual for proper loading.

3JJ-28446-A1

5

LOAD LIMIT

3 kg {7 lbs}

3TB-24877-A0

LOCATION OF IMPORTANT LABELS

1

6

WARNING

This unit contains high pressure nitrogen gas.
 Mishandling can cause explosion.

- Read owner's manual for instructions.
- Do not incinerate, puncture or open.

4AA-22250-80

7

WARNING

- BEFORE YOU OPERATE THIS VEHICLE, READ THE OWNER'S MANUAL AND ALL LABELS.
- ALWAYS WEAR AN APPROVED MOTORCYCLE HELMET, eye protection, and protective clothing.

PREMIUM UNLEADED GASOLINE ONLY
91 Min. Pump Octane (R+M)/2

4CB-2118K-00



EAU1028B

Be a Responsible Owner

As the vehicle's owner, you are responsible for the safe and proper operation of your motorcycle.

Motorcycles are single-track vehicles. Their safe use and operation are dependent upon the use of proper riding techniques as well as the expertise of the operator. Every operator should know the following requirements before riding this motorcycle. He or she should:

- Obtain thorough instructions from a competent source on all aspects of motorcycle operation.
- Observe the warnings and maintenance requirements in this Owner's Manual.
- Obtain qualified training in safe and proper riding techniques.
- Obtain professional technical service as indicated in this Owner's Manual and/or when made necessary by mechanical conditions.

- Never operate a motorcycle without proper training or instruction. Take a training course. Beginners should receive training from a certified instructor. Contact an authorized motorcycle dealer to find out about the training courses nearest you.

Safe Riding

Perform the pre-operation checks each time you use the vehicle to make sure it is in safe operating condition. Failure to inspect or maintain the vehicle properly increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage. See page 5-1 for a list of pre-operation checks.

- This motorcycle is designed to carry the operator and a passenger.
- The failure of motorists to detect and recognize motorcycles in traffic is the predominating cause of automobile/motorcycle accidents. Many accidents have been caused by an automobile driver who did not see the motorcycle. Making yourself conspicuous ap-

pears to be very effective in reducing the chance of this type of accident.

Therefore:

- Wear a brightly colored jacket.
- Use extra caution when you are approaching and passing through intersections, since intersections are the most likely places for motorcycle accidents to occur.
- Ride where other motorists can see you. Avoid riding in another motorist's blind spot.
- Never maintain a motorcycle without proper knowledge. Contact an authorized motorcycle dealer to inform you on basic motorcycle maintenance. Certain maintenance can only be carried out by certified staff.

SAFETY INFORMATION

2

- Many accidents involve inexperienced operators. In fact, many operators who have been involved in accidents do not even have a current motorcycle license.
- Make sure that you are qualified and that you only lend your motorcycle to other qualified operators.
- Know your skills and limits. Staying within your limits may help you to avoid an accident.
- We recommend that you practice riding your motorcycle where there is no traffic until you have become thoroughly familiar with the motorcycle and all of its controls.
- Many accidents have been caused by error of the motorcycle operator. A typical error made by the operator is veering wide on a turn due to excessive speed or undercornering (insufficient lean angle for the speed).
- Always obey the speed limit and never travel faster than warranted by road and traffic conditions.
- Always signal before turning or changing lanes. Make sure that other motorists can see you.
- The posture of the operator and passenger is important for proper control.
- The operator should keep both hands on the handlebar and both feet on the operator footrests during operation to maintain control of the motorcycle.
- The passenger should always hold onto the operator, the seat strap or grab bar, if equipped, with both hands and keep both feet on the passenger footrests. Never carry a passenger unless he or she can firmly place both feet on the passenger footrests.
- Never ride under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.
- This motorcycle is designed for on-road use only. It is not suitable for off-road use.

Protective Apparel

The majority of fatalities from motorcycle accidents are the result of head injuries. The use of a safety helmet is the single most critical factor in the prevention or reduction of head injuries.

- Always wear an approved helmet.
- Wear a face shield or goggles. Wind in your unprotected eyes could contribute to an impairment of vision that could delay seeing a hazard.
- The use of a jacket, heavy boots, trousers, gloves, etc., is effective in preventing or reducing abrasions or lacerations.
- Never wear loose-fitting clothes, otherwise they could catch on the control levers, footrests, or wheels and cause injury or an accident.
- Always wear protective clothing that covers your legs, ankles, and feet. The engine or exhaust system become very hot during or after operation and can cause burns.
- A passenger should also observe the above precautions.



Avoid Carbon Monoxide Poisoning

All engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide, a deadly gas. Breathing carbon monoxide can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, confusion, and eventually death.

Carbon Monoxide is a colorless, odorless, tasteless gas which may be present even if you do not see or smell any engine exhaust. Deadly levels of carbon monoxide can collect rapidly and you can quickly be overcome and unable to save yourself. Also, deadly levels of carbon monoxide can linger for hours or days in enclosed or poorly ventilated areas. If you experience any symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning, leave the area immediately, get fresh air, and **SEEK MEDICAL TREATMENT**.

- Do not run engine indoors. Even if you try to ventilate engine exhaust with fans or open windows and doors, carbon monoxide can rapidly reach dangerous levels.
- Do not run engine in poorly ventilated or partially enclosed areas such as barns, garages, or carports.

- Do not run engine outdoors where engine exhaust can be drawn into a building through openings such as windows and doors.

Loading

Adding accessories or cargo to your motorcycle can adversely affect stability and handling if the weight distribution of the motorcycle is changed. To avoid the possibility of an accident, use extreme caution when adding cargo or accessories to your motorcycle. Use extra care when riding a motorcycle that has added cargo or accessories. Here, along with the information about accessories below, are some general guidelines to follow if loading cargo to your motorcycle:

The total weight of the operator, passenger, accessories and cargo must not exceed the maximum load limit.

Operation of an overloaded vehicle could cause an accident.

Maximum load:

FZ09E 177 kg (390 lb)
FZ09EC 176 kg (388 lb)

When loading within this weight limit, keep the following in mind:

- Cargo and accessory weight should be kept as low and close to the motorcycle as possible. Securely pack your heaviest items as close to the center of the vehicle as possible and make sure to distribute the weight as evenly as possible on both sides of the motorcycle to minimize imbalance or instability.
- Shifting weights can create a sudden imbalance. Make sure that accessories and cargo are securely attached to the motorcycle before riding. Check accessory mounts and cargo restraints frequently.
- Properly adjust the suspension for your load (suspension-adjustable models only), and check the condition and pressure of your tires.
- Never attach any large or heavy items to the handlebar, front fork, or front fender. These items, including such cargo as sleeping bags, duffel bags, or

SAFETY INFORMATION

2

tents, can create unstable handling or a slow steering response.

- **This vehicle is not designed to pull a trailer or to be attached to a sidecar.**

Genuine Yamaha Accessories

Choosing accessories for your vehicle is an important decision. Genuine Yamaha accessories, which are available only from a Yamaha dealer, have been designed, tested, and approved by Yamaha for use on your vehicle.

Many companies with no connection to Yamaha manufacture parts and accessories or offer other modifications for Yamaha vehicles. Yamaha is not in a position to test the products that these aftermarket companies produce. Therefore, Yamaha can neither endorse nor recommend the use of accessories not sold by Yamaha or modifications not specifically recommended by Yamaha, even if sold and installed by a Yamaha dealer.

Aftermarket Parts, Accessories, and Modifications

While you may find aftermarket products similar in design and quality to genuine Yamaha accessories, recognize that some aftermarket accessories or modifications are not suitable because of potential safety hazards to you or others. Installing aftermarket products or having other modifications performed to your vehicle that change any of the vehicle's design or operation characteristics can put you and others at greater risk of serious injury or death. You are responsible for injuries related to changes in the vehicle.

Keep the following guidelines in mind, as well as those provided under "Loading" when mounting accessories.

- Never install accessories or carry cargo that would impair the performance of your motorcycle. Carefully inspect the accessory before using it to make sure that it does not in any way reduce ground clearance or cornering clearance, limit suspension travel,

steering travel or control operation, or obscure lights or reflectors.

- Accessories fitted to the handlebar or the front fork area can create instability due to improper weight distribution or aerodynamic changes. If accessories are added to the handlebar or front fork area, they must be as lightweight as possible and should be kept to a minimum.
- Bulky or large accessories may seriously affect the stability of the motorcycle due to aerodynamic effects. Wind may attempt to lift the motorcycle, or the motorcycle may become unstable in cross winds. These accessories may also cause instability when passing or being passed by large vehicles.
- Certain accessories can displace the operator from his or her normal riding position. This improper position limits the freedom of movement of the

operator and may limit control ability, therefore, such accessories are not recommended.

- Use caution when adding electrical accessories. If electrical accessories exceed the capacity of the motorcycle's electrical system, an electric failure could result, which could cause a dangerous loss of lights or engine power.

Aftermarket Tires and Rims

The tires and rims that came with your motorcycle were designed to match the performance capabilities and to provide the best combination of handling, braking, and comfort. Other tires, rims, sizes, and combinations may not be appropriate. Refer to page 7-17 for tire specifications and more information on replacing your tires.

Transporting the Motorcycle

Be sure to observe following instructions before transporting the motorcycle in another vehicle.

- Remove all loose items from the motorcycle.

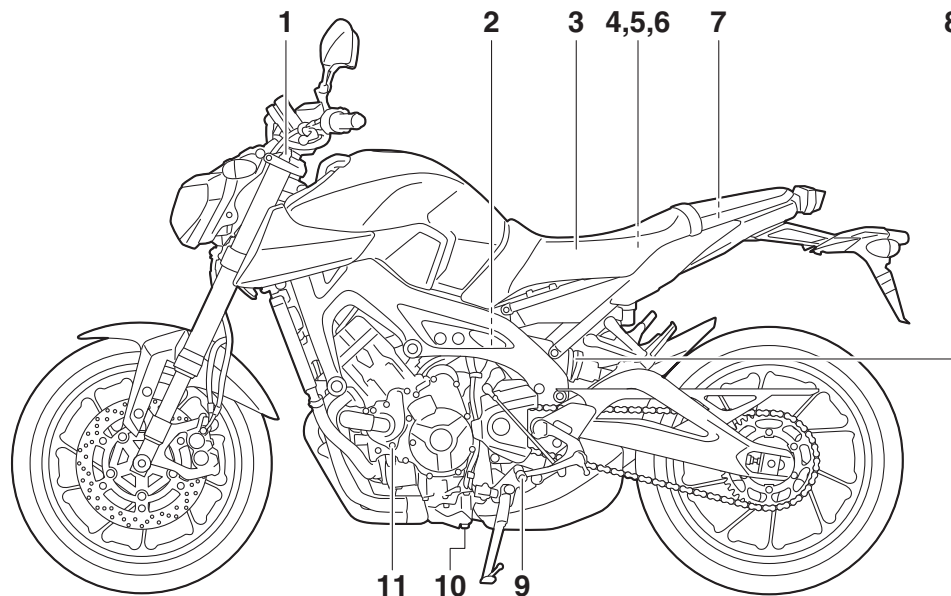
- Check that the fuel cock (if equipped) is in the "OFF" position and that there are no fuel leaks.
- Point the front wheel straight ahead on the trailer or in the truck bed, and choke it in a rail to prevent movement.
- Shift the transmission in gear (for models with a manual transmission).
- Secure the motorcycle with tie-downs or suitable straps that are attached to solid parts of the motorcycle, such as the frame or upper front fork triple clamp (and not, for example, to rubber-mounted handlebars or turn signals, or parts that could break). Choose the location for the straps carefully so the straps will not rub against painted surfaces during transport.
- The suspension should be compressed somewhat by the tie-downs, if possible, so that the motorcycle will not bounce excessively during transport.

DESCRIPTION

EAU10411

Left view

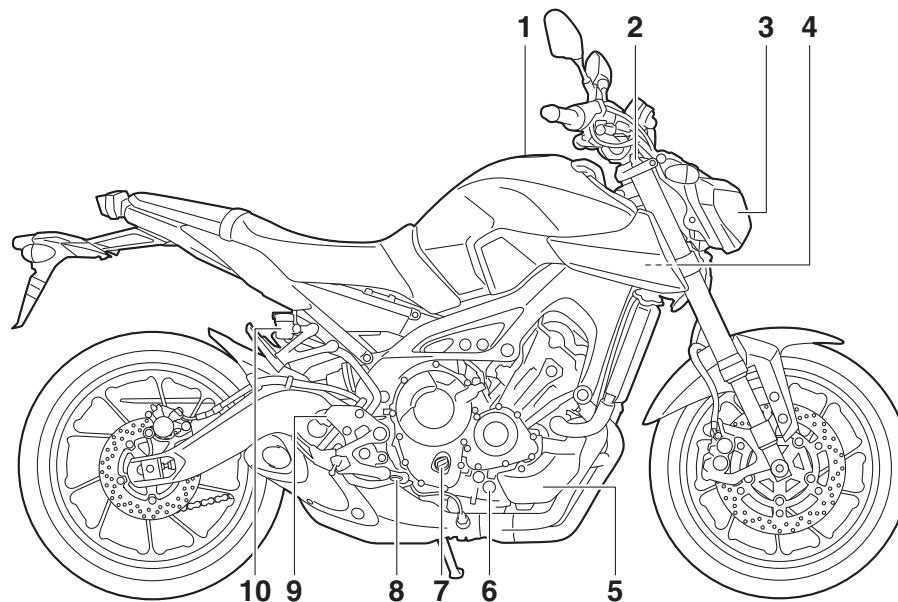
3



1. Front fork spring preload adjusting bolt (page 4-18)
2. Shock absorber assembly rebound damping force adjusting screw (page 4-20)
3. Seat (page 4-17)
4. Fuse box 2 (page 7-32)
5. Main fuse (page 7-32)
6. Fuel injection system fuse (page 7-32)
7. Storage compartment (page 4-18)
8. Shock absorber assembly spring preload adjusting ring (page 4-20)

9. Shift pedal (page 4-13)
10. Engine oil drain bolt (page 7-10)
11. Coolant drain bolt (page 7-14)

Right view



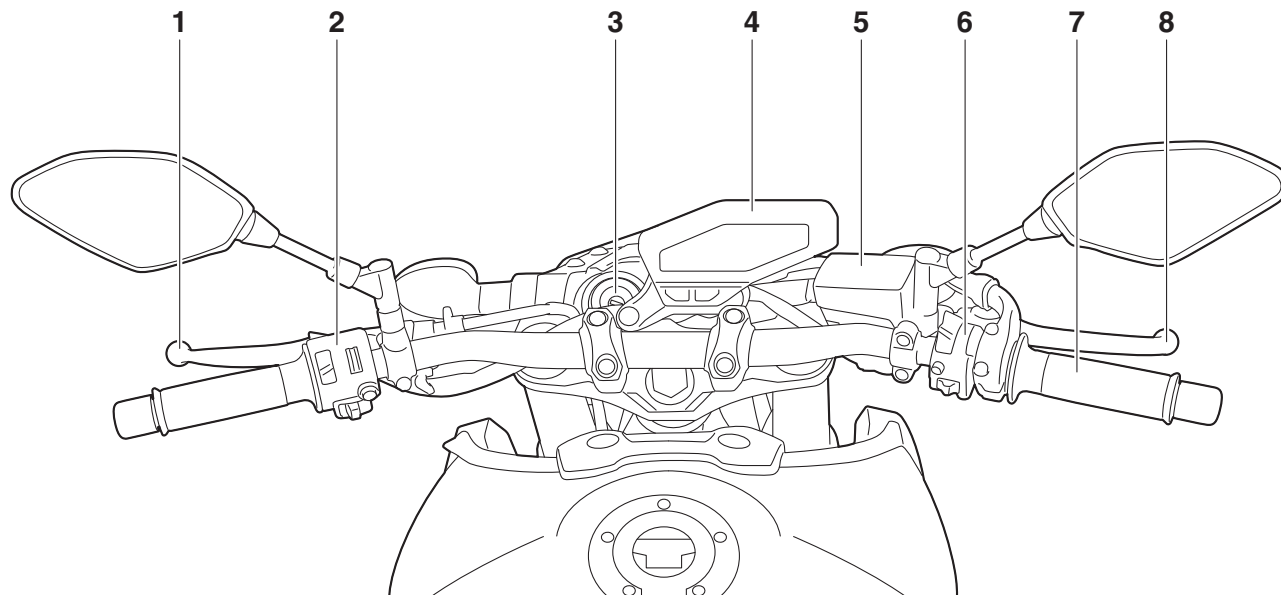
1. Fuel tank cap (page 4-14)
2. Front fork rebound damping force adjusting screw (page 4-18)
3. Headlight (page 7-34)
4. Fuse box 1 (page 7-32)
5. Coolant reservoir (page 7-13)
6. Engine oil level check window (page 7-10)
7. Engine oil filler cap (page 7-10)
8. Brake pedal (page 4-14)

9. Rear brake light switch (page 7-21)
10. Rear brake fluid reservoir (page 7-22)

DESCRIPTION

EAU10431

Controls and instruments

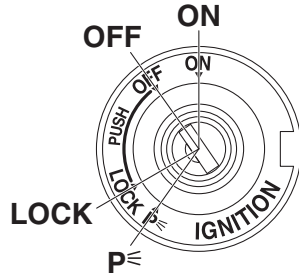


1. Clutch lever (page 4-13)
2. Left handlebar switches (page 4-11)
3. Main switch/steering lock (page 4-1)
4. Multi-function meter unit (page 4-4)
5. Front brake fluid reservoir (page 7-22)
6. Right handlebar switches (page 4-11)
7. Throttle grip (page 7-16)
8. Brake lever (page 4-13)

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Main switch/steering lock

EAU10462



The main switch/steering lock controls the ignition and lighting systems, and is used to lock the steering. The various positions are described below.

ON

EAU58320

All electrical circuits are supplied with power, and the meter lighting, taillight, license plate light, auxiliary lights and position lights come on, and the engine can be started. The key cannot be removed.

TIP

The headlight comes on automatically when the engine is started and stays on until the key is turned to “OFF”, even if the engine stalls.

EAU10662

OFF

All electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.

EWA10062

WARNING

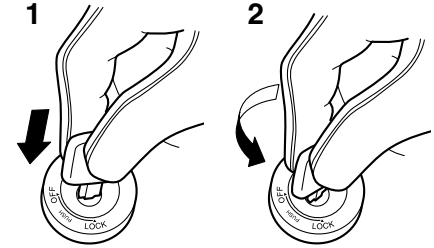
Never turn the key to “OFF” or “LOCK” while the vehicle is moving. Otherwise the electrical systems will be switched off, which may result in loss of control or an accident.

EAU10685

LOCK

The steering is locked, and all electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.

To lock the steering

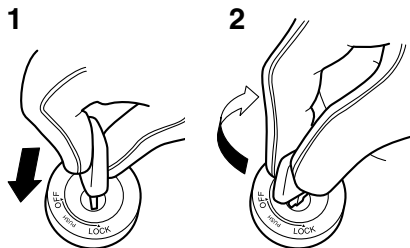


1. Push.
2. Turn.

1. Turn the handlebars all the way to the left.
2. Push the key in from the “OFF” position, and then turn it to “LOCK” while still pushing it.
3. Remove the key.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

To unlock the steering



4

1. Push.
2. Turn.

Push the key in, and then turn it to “OFF” while still pushing it.

p⌞ (Parking)

EAUM2971

The hazard lights and turn signal lights can be turned on, but all other electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.

The steering must be locked before the key can be turned to “p⌞”.

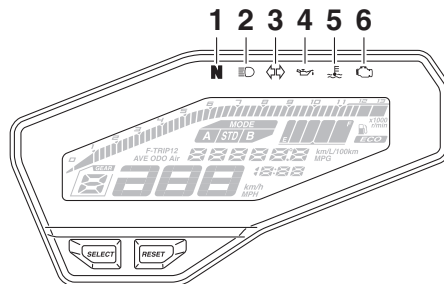
ECA11021

NOTICE

Do not use the parking position for an extended length of time, otherwise the battery may discharge.

Indicator lights and warning lights

EAU49394



1. Neutral indicator light “N”
2. High beam indicator light “≡O”
3. Turn signal indicator light “↔”
4. Oil level warning light “⚠”
5. Coolant temperature warning light “⬆”
6. Engine trouble warning light “⚠”

Turn signal indicator light “↔”

EAU11021

This indicator light flashes when the turn signal switch is pushed to the left or right.

Neutral indicator light “N”

EAU11061

This indicator light comes on when the transmission is in the neutral position.

High beam indicator light “≡O”

EAU11081

This indicator light comes on when the high beam of the headlight is switched on.

Oil level warning light “⚠”

EAU11255

This warning light comes on if the engine oil level is low.

The electrical circuit of the warning light can be checked by turning the key to “ON”. The warning light should come on for a few seconds, and then go off.

If the warning light does not come on initially when the key is turned to “ON”, or if the warning light remains on, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical circuit.

TIP

- Even if the oil level is sufficient, the warning light may flicker when riding on a slope or during sudden acceleration or deceleration, but this is not a malfunction.
- This model is also equipped with a self-diagnosis device for the oil level detection circuit. If a problem

is detected in the oil level detection circuit, the following cycle will be repeated until the malfunction is corrected: The oil level warning light will flash ten times, then go off for 2.5 seconds. If this occurs, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

EAU11447

Coolant temperature warning light “”

This warning light comes on if the engine overheats. If this occurs, stop the engine immediately and allow the engine to cool.

The electrical circuit of the warning light can be checked by turning the key to “ON”. The warning light should come on for a few seconds, and then go off.

If the warning light does not come on initially when the key is turned to “ON”, or if the warning light remains on, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical circuit.

ECA10022

NOTICE

Do not continue to operate the engine if it is overheating.

TIP

- For radiator-fan-equipped vehicles, the radiator fan(s) automatically switch on or off according to the coolant temperature in the radiator.
- If the engine overheats, see page 7-45 for further instructions.

EAU11535

Engine trouble warning light “”

This warning light comes on or flashes if a problem is detected in the electrical circuit monitoring the engine. If this occurs, have a Yamaha dealer check the self-diagnosis system. (See page 4-9 for an explanation of the self-diagnosis device.)

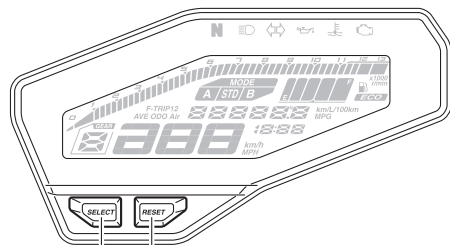
The electrical circuit of the warning light can be checked by turning the key to “ON”. The warning light should come on for a few seconds, and then go off.

If the warning light does not come on initially when the key is turned to “ON”, or if the warning light remains on, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical circuit.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

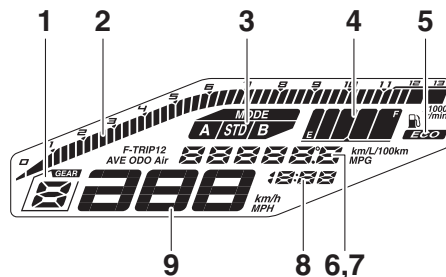
Multi-function meter unit

EAU58311



1 2

1. "SELECT" button
2. "RESET" button



1. Transmission gear display
2. Tachometer
3. Drive mode display
4. Fuel meter
5. Eco indicator "ECO"
6. Multi-function display
7. Self-diagnosis device
8. Clock
9. Speedometer



WARNING

Be sure to stop the vehicle before making any setting changes to the multi-function meter unit. Changing settings while riding can distract the operator and increase the risk of an accident.

The multi-function meter unit is equipped with the following:

- a speedometer
- a tachometer
- a clock
- a fuel meter
- an eco indicator
- a transmission gear display
- a drive mode display (which shows the selected drive mode)
- a multi-function display
- a self-diagnosis device
- a brightness control mode

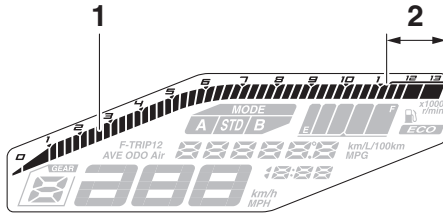
TIP

- Be sure to turn the key to "ON" before using the "SELECT" and "RESET" buttons.
- To switch the speedometer and multi-function displays between kilometers and miles, press the "SELECT" button for at least one second.

EWA12423

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Tachometer



1. Tachometer
2. Tachometer red zone

The tachometer allows the rider to monitor the engine speed and keep it within the ideal power range. When the key is turned to “ON”, the tachometer will sweep across the r/min range and then return to zero r/min in order to test the electrical circuit.

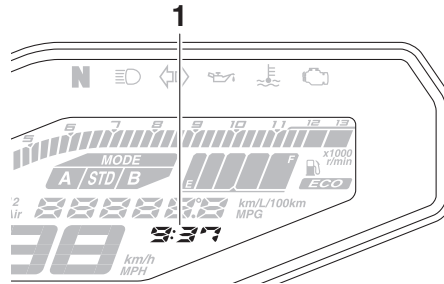
ECA10032

NOTICE

Do not operate the engine in the tachometer red zone.

Red zone: 11250 r/min and above

Clock



1. Clock

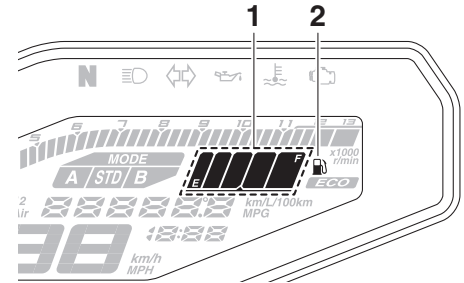
The clock displays when the key is turned to “ON”. In addition, the clock can be displayed for 10 seconds by pushing the “SELECT” button when the main switch is in the “OFF”, “LOCK” or “P” position.

To set the clock


1. Turn the key to “ON”.
2. Push the “SELECT” button and “RESET” button together for at least two seconds.
3. When the hour digits start flashing, push the “RESET” button to set the hours.
4. Push the “SELECT” button, and the minute digits will start flashing.

5. Push the “RESET” button to set the minutes.
6. Push the “SELECT” button and then release it to start the clock.

Fuel meter




1. Fuel meter
2. Fuel level warning indicator “”

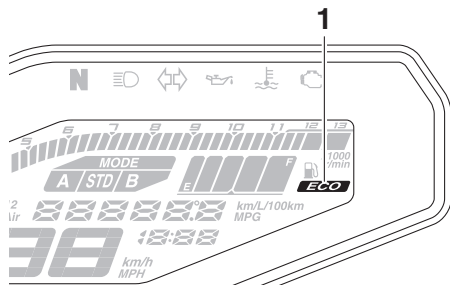
The fuel meter indicates the amount of fuel in the fuel tank. The display segments of the fuel meter disappear towards “E” (Empty) as the fuel level decreases. When the last segment and fuel level warning indicator “” start flashing, refuel as soon as possible.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

TIP

This fuel meter is equipped with a self-diagnosis system. If a problem is detected in the electrical circuit, the following cycle is repeated until the malfunction is corrected: fuel level segments and fuel level warning indicator “” flash eight times, then go off for approximately 3 seconds. If this occurs, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical circuit.

Eco indicator



1. Eco indicator “ECO”

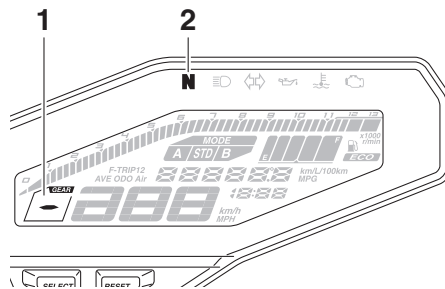
This indicator comes on when the vehicle is being operated in an environmentally friendly, fuel-efficient manner. The indicator goes off when the vehicle is stopped.

TIP


Consider the following tips to reduce fuel consumption:

- Avoid high engine speeds during acceleration.
- Travel at a constant speed.
- Select the transmission gear that is appropriate for the vehicle speed.

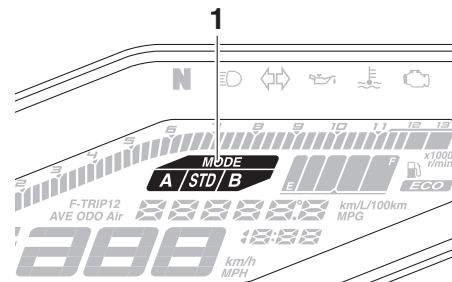
Transmission gear display



1. Transmission gear display
2. Neutral indicator light “N”

This display shows the selected gear. The neutral position is indicated by “” and by the neutral indicator light.

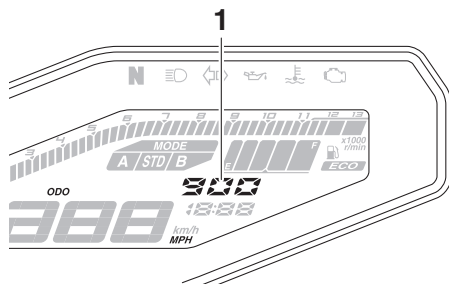
Drive mode display



1. Drive mode display

This display indicates which drive mode has been selected: “STD”, “A” or “B”. For more details on the modes and on how to select them, refer to pages 4-10 and 4-12.

Multi-function display



1. Multi-function display

The multi-function display is equipped with the following:

- an odometer
- two tripmeters (which show the distance traveled since they were last set to zero)
- a fuel reserve tripmeter (which shows the distance traveled since the left segment of the fuel meter started flashing)
- a coolant temperature display
- an air intake temperature display
- an instantaneous fuel consumption display
- an average fuel consumption display

Push the “SELECT” button to switch the display between the instantaneous fuel consumption mode “km/L”, “L/100 km” or “MPG”, average fuel consumption mode “AVE_ _ km/L”, “AVE_ _ L/100 km” or “AVE_ _ MPG”, coolant temperature mode “°F”, air intake temperature mode “Air_ _ °F”, odometer mode “ODO”, and tripmeter modes “TRIP 1” and “TRIP 2” in the following order:

km/L, L/100 km or MPG → AVE_ _ km/L, AVE_ _ L/100 km or AVE_ _ MPG → °F → Air_ _ °F → ODO → TRIP 1 → TRIP 2

TIP

Push the “RESET” button to switch the display in the reverse order.

If the fuel level warning indicator “” and left segment of the fuel meter start flashing, the display automatically changes to the fuel reserve tripmeter mode “F-TRIP” and starts counting the distance traveled from that point. In that case, push the “SELECT” button to switch the display between the vari-

ous tripmeter, odometer, instantaneous fuel consumption and average fuel consumption modes in the following order:

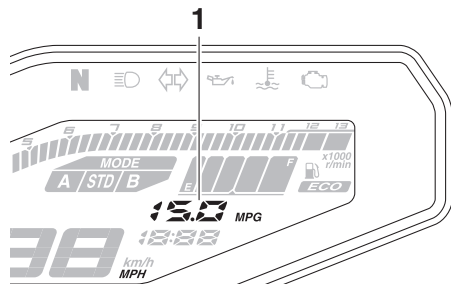
F-TRIP → km/L, L/100 km or MPG → AVE_ _ km/L, AVE_ _ L/100 km or AVE_ _ MPG → °F → Air_ _ °F → ODO → TRIP 1 → TRIP 2 → F-TRIP

To reset a tripmeter, select it by pushing the “SELECT” button, and then push the “RESET” button for at least one second.

If you do not reset the fuel reserve tripmeter manually, it resets itself automatically and the display returns to the prior mode after refueling and traveling 5 km (3 mi).

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Instantaneous fuel consumption display



1. Instantaneous fuel consumption display

The instantaneous fuel consumption display can be set to either “km/L”, “L/100 km” or “MPG”.

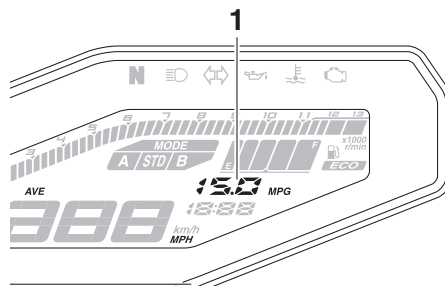
- “km/L”: The distance that can be traveled on 1.0 L of fuel under the current riding conditions is shown.
- “L/100 km”: The amount of fuel necessary to travel 100 km under the current riding conditions is shown.
- “MPG”: The distance that can be traveled on 1.0 US gal of fuel under the current riding conditions is shown.

To switch between the instantaneous fuel consumption displays, push the “SELECT” button for one second when one of the displays is shown.

TIP

If traveling at speeds under 20 km/h (12 mi/h), “_ _ _” is displayed.

Average fuel consumption mode



1. Average fuel consumption display

The average fuel consumption display can be set to either “AVE_ _ _ km/L”, “AVE_ _ _ L/100 km” or “AVE_ _ _ MPG”.

This display shows the average fuel consumption since it was last reset.

- “AVE_ _ _ km/L”: The average distance that can be traveled on 1.0 L of fuel is shown.
- “AVE_ _ _ L/100 km”: The average amount of fuel necessary to travel 100 km is shown.
- “AVE_ _ _ MPG”: The average distance that can be traveled on 1.0 US gal of fuel is shown.

To switch between the average fuel consumption displays, push the “SELECT” button for one second when one of the displays is shown.

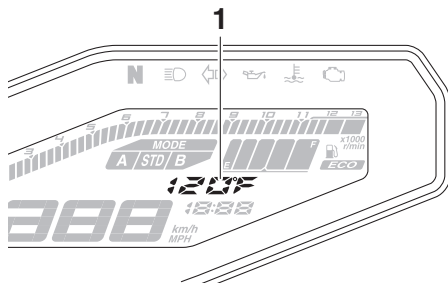
To reset the average fuel consumption display, select it by pushing the “SELECT” button, and then push the “RESET” button for at least one second.

TIP

After resetting an average fuel consumption display, “_ _ _” is shown for that display until the vehicle has traveled 1 km (0.6 mi).

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Coolant temperature display



1. Coolant temperature display

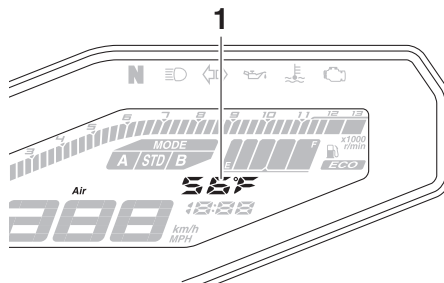
This display shows the coolant temperature from 104 °F to 242 °F in 1 °F increments.

If the message “HI” flashes, stop the vehicle, then stop the engine, and let the engine cool. (See page 7-45.)

TIP

- When the coolant temperature is below 104 °F, “LO” will be displayed.
- The coolant temperature varies with changes in the weather and engine load.

Air intake temperature display



1. Air intake temperature display

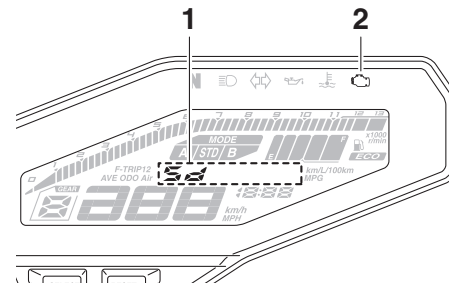
The air intake temperature display indicates the temperature of the air drawn into the air filter case.


This display shows the air intake temperature from 14 °F to 210 °F in 1 °F increments.

TIP

- 14 °F will be displayed even if the air intake temperature falls below 14 °F.
- The air intake temperature may vary from the ambient temperature.

Self-diagnosis device



1. Error code display
2. Engine trouble warning light “”

This model is equipped with a self-diagnosis device for various electrical circuits.

If a problem is detected in any of those circuits, the engine trouble warning light will come on and the display will indicate an error code.

If the display indicates any error codes, note the code number, and then have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

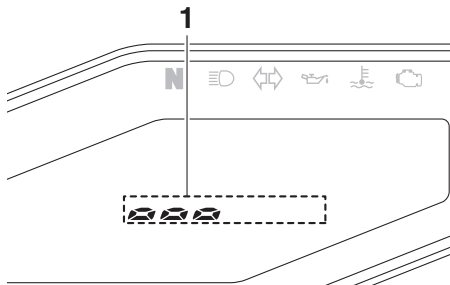
INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

ECA11591

NOTICE

If the display indicates an error code, the vehicle should be checked as soon as possible in order to avoid engine damage.

Brightness control mode



1. Brightness level display

This function allows you to adjust the brightness of the multi-function meter unit panel to suit the outside lighting conditions.

To adjust the brightness

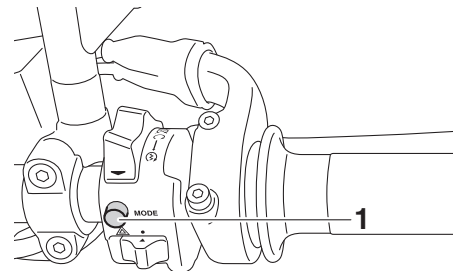
1. Turn the key to "OFF".

2. While pushing the "SELECT" button, turn the key to "ON" and continue pushing the button until the display switches to the brightness control mode.
3. Push the "RESET" button to set the brightness level.
4. Push the "SELECT" button to return to the original display.

EAU47633

D-mode (drive mode)

D-mode is an electronically controlled engine performance system with three mode selections ("STD", "A", and "B"). Push the drive mode switch "MODE" to switch between modes. (See page 4-12 for an explanation of the drive mode switch.)



1. Drive mode switch "MODE"

TIP

Before using D-mode, make sure you understand its operation along with the operation of the drive mode switch.

Mode "STD"

Mode "STD" is suitable for various riding conditions.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

This mode allows the rider to enjoy smooth and sporty drivability from the low-speed range to the high-speed range.

Mode “A”

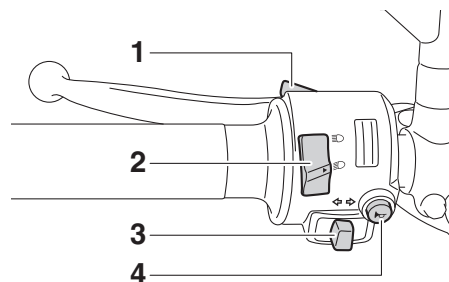
Mode “A” offers a sportier engine response in the low- to mid-speed range compared to mode “STD”.

Mode “B”

Mode “B” offers response that is somewhat less sharp compared to mode “STD” for riding situations that require especially sensitive throttle operation.

Handlebar switches

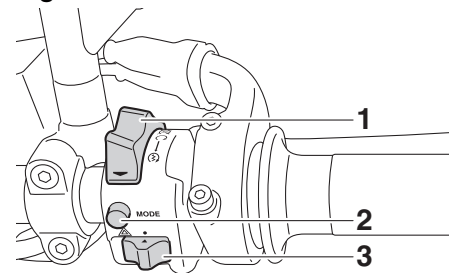
Left



1. Pass switch “≡〇”
2. Dimmer switch “≡〇/≡〇”
3. Turn signal switch “↵/↶”
4. Horn switch “🔊”

EAU1234F

Right



1. Start/Engine stop switch “Ⓢ/〇/ⓧ”
2. Drive mode switch “MODE”
3. Hazard switch “⚠”

4

Pass switch “≡〇”

Press this switch to flash the headlight.

EAU12351

Dimmer switch “≡〇/≡〇”

Set this switch to “≡〇” for the high beam and to “≡〇” for the low beam.

EAU12401

Turn signal switch “↵/↶”

To signal a right-hand turn, push this switch to “↶”. To signal a left-hand turn, push this switch to “↵”. When released, the switch returns to the cen-

EAU12461

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

ter position. To cancel the turn signal lights, push the switch in after it has returned to the center position.



Horn switch “”


EAU12501

Press this switch to sound the horn.

Start/Engine stop switch “”

EAU54211

To crank the engine with the starter, set this switch to “”, and then push the “” side of the switch. See page 6-1 for starting instructions prior to starting the engine.

Set this switch to “” to stop the engine in case of an emergency, such as when the vehicle overturns or when the throttle cable is stuck.

The engine trouble warning light will come on when the key is turned to “ON” and the start switch is pushed, but this does not indicate a malfunction.

EAU41701

Hazard switch “”

EAU12734

With the key in the “ON” or “P<” position, use this switch to turn on the hazard lights (simultaneous flashing of all turn signal lights).

The hazard lights are used in case of an emergency or to warn other drivers when your vehicle is stopped where it might be a traffic hazard.

ECA10062

NOTICE

Do not use the hazard lights for an extended length of time with the engine not running, otherwise the battery may discharge.

Drive mode switch “MODE”

EAU47496

EWA15341

WARNING

Do not change the D-mode while the vehicle is moving.

Using this switch changes the drive mode to “STD”, “A”, or “B” in the following order:

STD → A → B → STD

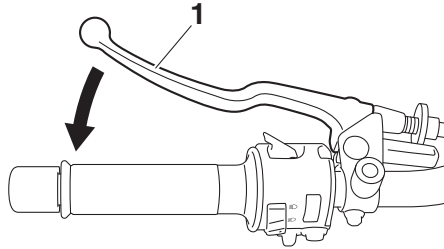
The throttle grip must be completely closed in order to change the drive mode. (See page 4-10 for an explanation of each drive mode.)

TIP

- The mode is set to “STD” by default. The mode resets to “STD” when the key is turned to “OFF”.
- The selected mode is shown on the drive mode display. (See page 4-6.)

Clutch lever

EAU12821



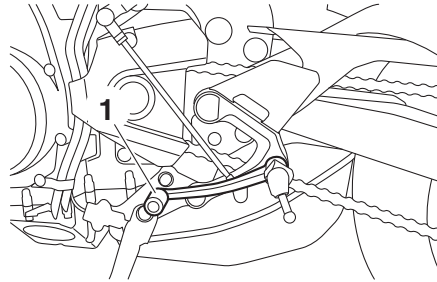
1. Clutch lever

The clutch lever is located at the left handlebar grip. To disengage the clutch, pull the lever toward the handlebar grip. To engage the clutch, release the lever. The lever should be pulled rapidly and released slowly for smooth clutch operation.

The clutch lever is equipped with a clutch switch, which is part of the ignition circuit cut-off system. (See page 4-22.)

Shift pedal

EAU12872



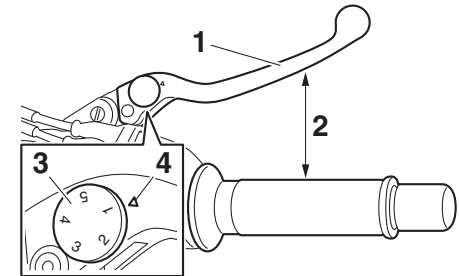
1. Shift pedal

The shift pedal is located on the left side of the motorcycle and is used in combination with the clutch lever when shifting the gears of the 6-speed constant-mesh transmission equipped on this motorcycle.

Brake lever

EAU26825

The brake lever is located on the right side of the handlebar. To apply the front brake, pull the lever toward the throttle grip.



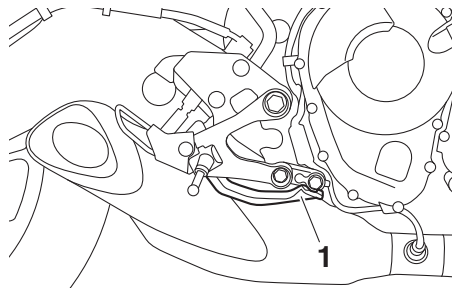
1. Brake lever
2. Distance between brake lever and throttle grip
3. Brake lever position adjusting dial
4. "△" mark

The brake lever is equipped with a brake lever position adjusting dial. To adjust the distance between the brake lever and the throttle grip, turn the adjusting dial while holding the lever pushed away from the throttle grip. Make sure that the appropriate setting on the adjusting dial is aligned with the "△" mark on the brake lever.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Brake pedal

EAU12942

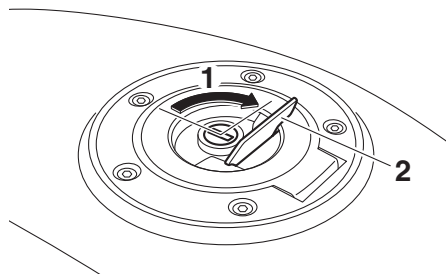


1. Brake pedal

The brake pedal is on the right side of the motorcycle. To apply the rear brake, press down on the brake pedal.

Fuel tank cap

EAU13075



1. Unlock.
2. Fuel tank cap lock cover

To open the fuel tank cap

Open the fuel tank cap lock cover, insert the key into the lock, and then turn it 1/4 turn clockwise. The lock will be released and the fuel tank cap can be opened.

To close the fuel tank cap

1. Push the fuel tank cap into position with the key inserted in the lock.
2. Turn the key counterclockwise to the original position, remove it, and then close the lock cover.

TIP

The fuel tank cap cannot be closed unless the key is in the lock. In addition, the key cannot be removed if the cap is not properly closed and locked.

EWA11092

! WARNING

Make sure that the fuel tank cap is properly closed after filling fuel. Leaking fuel is a fire hazard.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Fuel

Make sure there is sufficient gasoline in the tank.

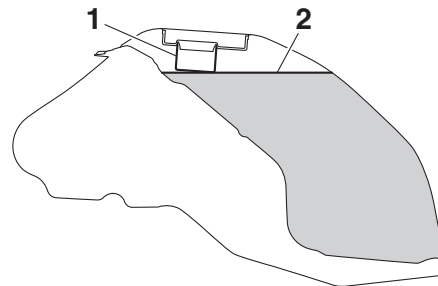
EAU13222

EWA10882

WARNING

Gasoline and gasoline vapors are extremely flammable. To avoid fires and explosions and to reduce the risk of injury when refueling, follow these instructions.

1. Before refueling, turn off the engine and be sure that no one is sitting on the vehicle. Never refuel while smoking, or while in the vicinity of sparks, open flames, or other sources of ignition such as the pilot lights of water heaters and clothes dryers.
2. Do not overfill the fuel tank. When refueling, be sure to insert the pump nozzle into the fuel tank filler hole. Stop filling when the fuel reaches the bottom of the filler tube. Because fuel expands when it heats up, heat from the engine or the sun can cause fuel to spill out of the fuel tank.



1. Fuel tank filler tube
2. Maximum fuel level

3. Wipe up any spilled fuel immediately. **NOTICE:** Immediately wipe off spilled fuel with a clean, dry, soft cloth, since fuel may deteriorate painted surfaces or plastic parts. [ECA10072]
4. Be sure to securely close the fuel tank cap.

EWA15152

WARNING

Gasoline is poisonous and can cause injury or death. Handle gasoline with care. Never siphon gasoline by mouth. If you should swallow some gasoline or inhale a lot of gasoline vapor, or get some gasoline in your eyes, see your doctor immedi-

ately. If gasoline spills on your skin, wash with soap and water. If gasoline spills on your clothing, change your clothes.

EAU46103

Recommended fuel:

Premium unleaded gasoline (Gasohol (E10) acceptable)

Fuel tank capacity:

14.0 L (3.70 US gal, 3.08 Imp.gal)

Fuel reserve amount:

2.8 L (0.74 US gal, 0.62 Imp.gal)

ECA11401

NOTICE

Use only unleaded gasoline. The use of leaded gasoline will cause severe damage to internal engine parts, such as the valves and piston rings, as well as to the exhaust system.

Your Yamaha engine has been designed to use premium unleaded gasoline with a pump octane number $[(R+M)/2]$ of 91 or higher, or a research octane number of 95 or higher. If knocking (or pinging) occurs, use a

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

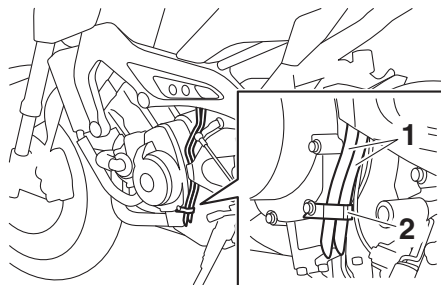
gasoline of a different brand. Use of unleaded fuel will extend spark plug life and reduce maintenance costs.

Gasohol

There are two types of gasohol: gasohol containing ethanol and that containing methanol. Gasohol containing ethanol can be used if the ethanol content does not exceed 10% (E10). Gasohol containing methanol is not recommended by Yamaha because it can cause damage to the fuel system or vehicle performance problems.

Fuel tank breather hose and overflow hose

EAU51182



1. Fuel tank breather hose and overflow hose
2. Clamp

TIP

For California: See page 7-10 for breather hose information.

Before operating the motorcycle:

- Check each hose connection.
- Check each hose for cracks or damage, and replace if necessary.
- Make sure that the end of each hose is not blocked, and clean if necessary.
- Make sure that each hose is routed through the clamp.

Catalytic converter

EAU13434

This model is equipped with a catalytic converter in the exhaust system.

EWA10863

⚠ WARNING

The exhaust system is hot after operation. To prevent a fire hazard or burns:

- Do not park the vehicle near possible fire hazards such as grass or other materials that easily burn.
- Park the vehicle in a place where pedestrians or children are not likely to touch the hot exhaust system.
- Make sure that the exhaust system has cooled down before doing any maintenance work.
- Do not allow the engine to idle more than a few minutes. Long idling can cause a build-up of heat.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

ECA10702

EAU57991

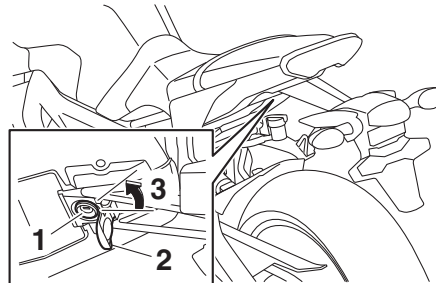
NOTICE

Use only unleaded gasoline. The use of leaded gasoline will cause unrepairable damage to the catalytic converter.

Seat

To remove the seat

1. Open the seat lock cover, insert the key into the seat lock, and then turn the key counterclockwise.

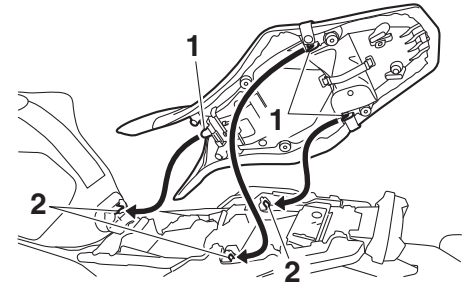


1. Seat lock
2. Seat lock cover
3. Unlock.

2. While holding the key in that position, lift the rear of the seat up, and then pull the seat off.

To install the seat

1. Insert the projections into the seat holders as shown.



1. Projection
2. Seat holder

2. Push the rear of the seat down to lock it in place.
3. Remove the key.

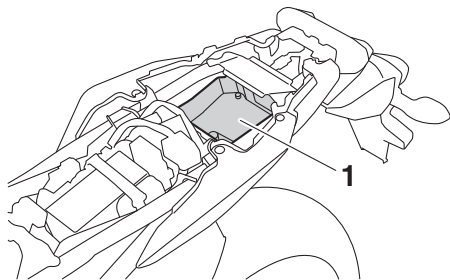
TIP

Make sure that the seat is properly secured before riding.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Storage compartment

EAU58200



1. Storage compartment

The storage compartment is located under the seat. (See page 4-17.)

When storing documents or other items in the storage compartment, be sure to wrap them in a plastic bag so that they will not get wet. When washing the vehicle, be careful not to let any water enter the storage compartment.

EWA10962

WARNING

- Do not exceed the load limit of 3 kg (7 lb) for the storage compartment.

- Do not exceed the maximum load of FZ09E 177 kg (390 lb) FZ09EC 176 kg (388 lb) for the vehicle.

Adjusting the front fork

EAU58041

EWA14671

WARNING

Always adjust the spring preload on both fork legs equally, otherwise poor handling and loss of stability may result.

Each front fork leg is equipped with a spring preload adjusting bolt. The right front fork leg is equipped with a rebound damping force adjusting screw.

ECA10102

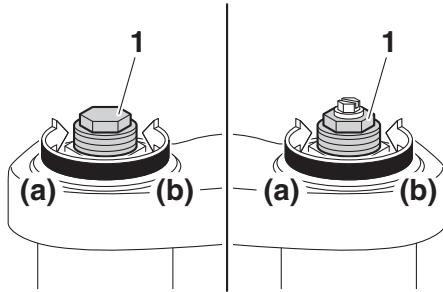
NOTICE

To avoid damaging the mechanism, do not attempt to turn beyond the maximum or minimum settings.

Spring preload

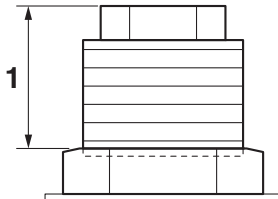
To increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, turn the adjusting bolt on each fork leg in direction (a). To decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension, turn the adjusting bolt on each fork leg in direction (b).

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS



1. Spring preload adjusting bolt

The spring preload setting is determined by measuring distance A, shown in the illustration. The shorter distance A is, the higher the spring preload; the longer distance A is, the lower the spring preload.



1. Distance A

Spring preload setting:

Minimum (soft):

Distance A = 19.0 mm (0.75 in)

Standard:

Distance A = 16.0 mm (0.63 in)

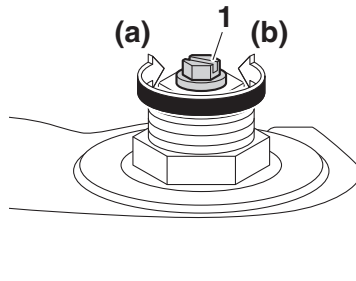
Maximum (hard):

Distance A = 4.0 mm (0.16 in)

Rebound damping force

The rebound damping force is adjusted on the right front fork leg only.

To increase the rebound damping force and thereby harden the rebound damping, turn the adjusting screw in direction (a). To decrease the rebound damping force and thereby soften the rebound damping, turn the adjusting screw in direction (b).



1. Rebound damping force adjusting screw

Rebound damping setting:

Minimum (soft):

3 turn(s) in direction (b)*

Standard:

1 3/4 turn(s) in direction (b)*

Maximum (hard):

Adjusting screw fully turned in direction (a)

* With the adjusting screw fully turned in direction (a)

TIP

Although the total number of turns of a damping force adjusting mechanism may not exactly match the above specifications due to small differences in production, the actual number of turns always represents the entire adjusting range. To obtain a precise adjustment, it would be advisable to check the number of turns of each damping force adjusting mechanism and to modify the specifications as necessary.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Adjusting the shock absorber assembly

EAU57940

This shock absorber assembly is equipped with a spring preload adjusting ring and a rebound damping force adjusting screw.

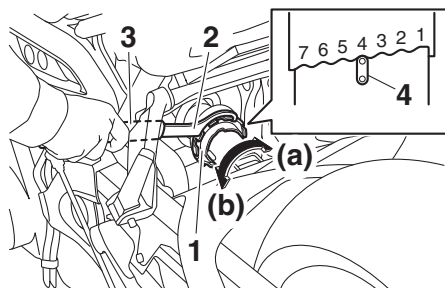
ECA10102

NOTICE

To avoid damaging the mechanism, do not attempt to turn beyond the maximum or minimum settings.

Spring preload

To increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, turn the adjusting ring in direction (a). To decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension, turn the adjusting ring in direction (b).



1. Spring preload adjusting ring
2. Special wrench
3. Extension bar
4. Position indicator

- Align the appropriate notch in the adjusting ring with the position indicator on the shock absorber.
- Use the special wrench and the extension bar included in the owner's tool kit to make the adjustment.

Spring preload setting:

Minimum (soft):

1

Standard:

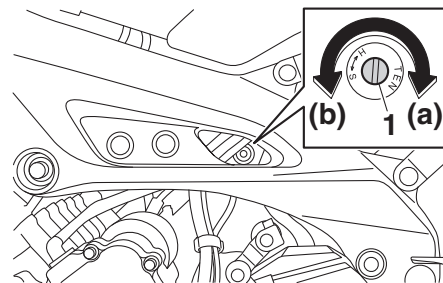
4

Maximum (hard):

7

Rebound damping force

To increase the rebound damping force and thereby harden the rebound damping, turn the adjusting screw in direction (a). To decrease the rebound damping force and thereby soften the rebound damping, turn the adjusting screw in direction (b).



1. Rebound damping force adjusting screw

Rebound damping setting:

Minimum (soft):

3 turn(s) in direction (b)*

Standard:

1 1/2 turn(s) in direction (b)*

Maximum (hard):

Adjusting screw fully turned in direction (a)

* With the adjusting screw fully turned in direction (a)

TIP

To obtain a precise adjustment, it is advisable to check the actual total number of turns of the damping force adjusting mechanism. This adjustment range may not exactly match the specifications listed due to small differences in production.

EWA10222

WARNING

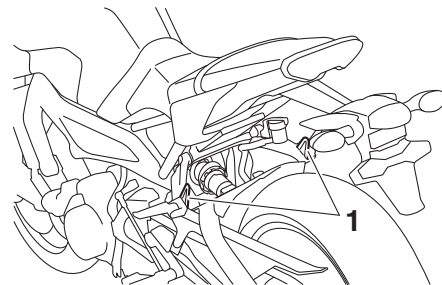
This shock absorber assembly contains highly pressurized nitrogen gas. Read and understand the following information before handling the shock absorber assembly.

- Do not tamper with or attempt to open the cylinder assembly.
- Do not subject the shock absorber assembly to an open flame or other high heat source. This may cause the unit to explode due to excessive gas pressure.
- Do not deform or damage the cylinder in any way. Cylinder damage will result in poor damping performance.

- Do not dispose of a damaged or worn-out shock absorber assembly yourself. Take the shock absorber assembly to a Yamaha dealer for any service.

Luggage strap holders

EAU15152



1. Luggage strap holder

There is a luggage strap holder on each passenger footrest.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Sidestand

EAU15306

The sidestand is located on the left side of the frame. Raise the sidestand or lower it with your foot while holding the vehicle upright.

TIP

The built-in sidestand switch is part of the ignition circuit cut-off system, which cuts the ignition in certain situations. (See the following section for an explanation of the ignition circuit cut-off system.)

EWA10242

WARNING

The vehicle must not be ridden with the sidestand down, or if the sidestand cannot be properly moved up (or does not stay up), otherwise the sidestand could contact the ground and distract the operator, resulting in a possible loss of control. Yamaha's ignition circuit cut-off system has been designed to assist the operator in fulfilling the responsibility of raising the sidestand before starting off. Therefore, check

this system regularly and have a Yamaha dealer repair it if it does not function properly.

EAU57950

Ignition circuit cut-off system

The ignition circuit cut-off system (comprising the sidestand switch, clutch switch and neutral switch) has the following functions.

- It prevents starting when the transmission is in gear and the sidestand is up, but the clutch lever is not pulled.
- It prevents starting when the transmission is in gear and the clutch lever is pulled, but the sidestand is still down.
- It cuts the running engine when the transmission is in gear and the sidestand is moved down.

Periodically check the operation of the ignition circuit cut-off system according to the following procedure.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

With the engine turned off:

1. Move the sidestand down.
2. Make sure that the start/engine stop switch is set to “○”.
3. Turn the key on.
4. Shift the transmission into the neutral position.
5. Push the “⊗” side of the start/engine stop switch.

Does the engine start?

YES

NO

With the engine still running:

6. Move the sidestand up.
7. Keep the clutch lever pulled.
8. Shift the transmission into gear.
9. Move the sidestand down.

Does the engine stall?

YES

NO

After the engine has stalled:

10. Move the sidestand up.
11. Keep the clutch lever pulled.
12. Push the “⊗” side of the start/engine stop switch.

Does the engine start?

YES

NO

The system is OK. **The motorcycle can be ridden.**



WARNING

If a malfunction is noted, have a Yamaha dealer check the system before riding.

The neutral switch may not be working correctly.
The motorcycle should not be ridden until checked by a Yamaha dealer.

The sidestand switch may not be working correctly.
The motorcycle should not be ridden until checked by a Yamaha dealer.

The clutch switch may not be working correctly.
The motorcycle should not be ridden until checked by a Yamaha dealer.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Auxiliary DC connector

EAU58262

EWA12532

⚠ WARNING

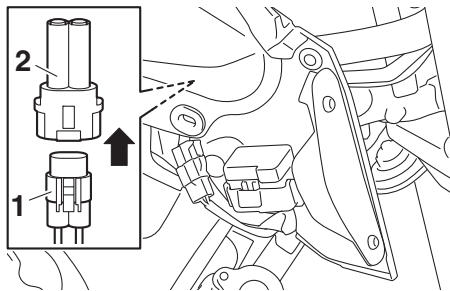
To prevent electrical shock or short-circuiting, make sure that the cap is installed when the auxiliary DC connector is not being used.

ECA20090

NOTICE

4

The accessory connected to the auxiliary DC connector should not be used with the engine turned off, and the load must never exceed 24 W (2 A), otherwise the fuse may blow or the battery may discharge.



1. Auxiliary DC connector
2. Auxiliary DC connector cap

A 12 V accessory connected to the auxiliary DC connector behind the right side panel can be used when the key is in the “ON” position. (See page 7-32.)

FOR YOUR SAFETY – PRE-OPERATION CHECKS

EAU15598

Inspect your vehicle each time you use it to make sure the vehicle is in safe operating condition. Always follow the inspection and maintenance procedures and schedules described in the Owner's Manual.

EWA11152

WARNING

Failure to inspect or maintain the vehicle properly increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage. Do not operate the vehicle if you find any problem. If a problem cannot be corrected by the procedures provided in this manual, have the vehicle inspected by a Yamaha dealer.

Before using this vehicle, check the following points:

ITEM	CHECKS	PAGE
Fuel	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check fuel level in fuel tank.• Refuel if necessary.• Check fuel line for leakage.• Check fuel tank breather hose and overflow hose for obstructions, cracks or damage, and check hose connections.	4-15, 4-16
Engine oil	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check oil level in engine.• If necessary, add recommended oil to specified level.• Check vehicle for oil leakage.	7-10
Coolant	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check coolant level in reservoir.• If necessary, add recommended coolant to specified level.• Check cooling system for leakage.	7-13
Front brake	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation.• If soft or spongy, have Yamaha dealer bleed hydraulic system.• Check brake pads for wear.• Replace if necessary.• Check fluid level in reservoir.• If necessary, add specified brake fluid to specified level.• Check hydraulic system for leakage.	7-21, 7-22

FOR YOUR SAFETY – PRE-OPERATION CHECKS

ITEM	CHECKS	PAGE
Rear brake	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation. • If soft or spongy, have Yamaha dealer bleed hydraulic system. • Check brake pads for wear. • Replace if necessary. • Check fluid level in reservoir. • If necessary, add specified brake fluid to specified level. • Check hydraulic system for leakage. 	7-21, 7-22
Clutch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation. • Lubricate cable if necessary. • Check lever free play. • Adjust if necessary. 	7-20
Throttle grip	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that operation is smooth. • Check throttle grip free play. • If necessary, have Yamaha dealer adjust throttle grip free play and lubricate cable and grip housing. 	7-16, 7-26
Control cables	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that operation is smooth. • Lubricate if necessary. 	7-26
Drive chain	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check chain slack. • Adjust if necessary. • Check chain condition. • Lubricate if necessary. 	7-24, 7-25
Wheels and tires	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check for damage. • Check tire condition and tread depth. • Check air pressure. • Correct if necessary. 	7-17, 7-19
Brake and shift pedals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that operation is smooth. • Lubricate pedal pivoting points if necessary. 	7-27
Brake and clutch levers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that operation is smooth. • Lubricate lever pivoting points if necessary. 	7-27
Sidestand	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that operation is smooth. • Lubricate pivot if necessary. 	7-28

FOR YOUR SAFETY – PRE-OPERATION CHECKS

ITEM	CHECKS	PAGE
Chassis fasteners	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Make sure that all nuts, bolts and screws are properly tightened.• Tighten if necessary.	—
Instruments, lights, signals and switches	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation.• Correct if necessary.	—
Sidestand switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation of ignition circuit cut-off system.• If system is not working correctly, have Yamaha dealer check vehicle.	4-22

OPERATION AND IMPORTANT RIDING POINTS

EAU15952

EAU48711

EAU58331

Read the Owner's Manual carefully to become familiar with all controls. If there is a control or function you do not understand, ask your Yamaha dealer.

EWA10272

WARNING

Failure to familiarize yourself with the controls can lead to loss of control, which could cause an accident or injury.

TIP

This model is equipped with:

- a lean angle sensor to stop the engine in case of a turnover. In this case, the multi-function display indicates error code 30, but this is not a malfunction. Turn the key to "OFF" and then to "ON" to clear the error code. Failing to do so will prevent the engine from starting even though the engine will crank when pushing the start switch.
- an engine auto-stop system. The engine stops automatically if left idling for 20 minutes. If the engine stops, simply push the start switch to restart the engine.

Starting the engine

In order for the ignition circuit cut-off system to enable starting, one of the following conditions must be met:

- The transmission is in the neutral position.
- The transmission is in gear with the clutch lever pulled and the sidestand up.

See page 4-22 for more information.

1. Turn the key to "ON" and make sure that the start/engine stop switch is set to "○".

The following warning lights should come on for a few seconds, then go off.

- Oil level warning light
- Coolant temperature warning light
- Engine trouble warning light

ECA15485

NOTICE

If a warning light does not come on initially when the key is turned to "ON", or if a warning light remains on, see page 4-2 for the corresponding warning light circuit check.

OPERATION AND IMPORTANT RIDING POINTS

2. Shift the transmission into the neutral position. The neutral indicator light should come on. If not, ask a Yamaha dealer to check the electrical circuit.
3. Start the engine by pushing the “⊗” side of the start/engine stop switch.

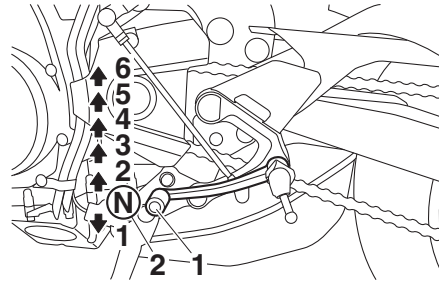
If the engine fails to start, release the start/engine stop switch, wait a few seconds, and then try again. Each starting attempt should be as short as possible to preserve the battery. Do not crank the engine more than 10 seconds on any one attempt.

ECA11043

NOTICE

For maximum engine life, never accelerate hard when the engine is cold!

Shifting



1. Shift pedal
2. Neutral position

Shifting gears lets you control the amount of engine power available for starting off, accelerating, climbing hills, etc.

The gear positions are shown in the illustration.

TIP

To shift the transmission into the neutral position, press the shift pedal down repeatedly until it reaches the end of its travel, and then slightly raise it.

EAU16672

NOTICE

- Even with the transmission in the neutral position, do not coast for long periods of time with the engine off, and do not tow the motorcycle for long distances. The transmission is properly lubricated only when the engine is running. Inadequate lubrication may damage the transmission.
- Always use the clutch while changing gears to avoid damaging the engine, transmission, and drive train, which are not designed to withstand the shock of forced shifting.

ECA10261

EAU16682

To start out and accelerate

1. Pull the clutch lever to disengage the clutch.
2. Shift the transmission into first gear. The neutral indicator light should go out.
3. Open the throttle gradually, and at the same time, release the clutch lever slowly.

OPERATION AND IMPORTANT RIDING POINTS

4. At the recommended shift points shown in the following table, close the throttle, and at the same time, quickly pull the clutch lever in.
5. Shift the transmission into second gear. (Make sure not to shift the transmission into the neutral position.)
6. Open the throttle part way and gradually release the clutch lever.
7. Follow the same procedure when shifting to the next higher gear.

TIP

When shifting gears in normal operating conditions, use the recommended shift points.

EAU58270

To decelerate

1. Release the throttle and apply both the front and the rear brakes smoothly to slow the motorcycle.
2. At the recommended shift points shown in the following table, shift to a lower gear.
3. When the motorcycle reaches 25 km/h (16 mi/h), the engine is about to stall or runs roughly, pull the

clutch lever in, use the brakes to slow the motorcycle, and continue to downshift as necessary.

4. Once the motorcycle has stopped, the transmission can be shifted into the neutral position. The neutral indicator light should come on and then the clutch lever can be released.

EWA17380



WARNING

- **Improper braking can cause loss of control or traction. Always use both brakes and apply them smoothly.**
- **Make sure that the motorcycle and the engine have sufficiently slowed before shifting to a lower gear. Engaging a lower gear when the vehicle or engine speed is too high could make the rear wheel lose traction or the engine to over-rev. This could cause loss of control, an accident and injury. It could also cause engine or drive train damage.**

EAU58280

Recommended shift points

The recommended shift points during acceleration and deceleration are shown in the table below.

Shift up points:

1st → 2nd: 20 km/h (12 mi/h)
2nd → 3rd: 30 km/h (19 mi/h)
3rd → 4th: 40 km/h (25 mi/h)
4th → 5th: 50 km/h (31 mi/h)
5th → 6th: 60 km/h (37 mi/h)

Shift down points:

6th → 5th: 45 km/h (28 mi/h)
5th → 4th: 35 km/h (22 mi/h)
4th → 3rd: 25 km/h (16 mi/h)

OPERATION AND IMPORTANT RIDING POINTS

Engine break-in

EAU16842

There is never a more important period in the life of your engine than the period between 0 and 1600 km (1000 mi). For this reason, you should read the following material carefully.

Since the engine is brand new, do not put an excessive load on it for the first 1600 km (1000 mi). The various parts in the engine wear and polish themselves to the correct operating clearances. During this period, prolonged full-throttle operation or any condition that might result in engine overheating must be avoided.

EAU17094

0–1000 km (0–600 mi)

Avoid prolonged operation above 5600 r/min. **NOTICE: After 1000 km (600 mi) of operation, the engine oil must be changed and the oil filter cartridge or element replaced.** [ECA10303]

1000–1600 km (600–1000 mi)

Avoid prolonged operation above 6800 r/min.

1600 km (1000 mi) and beyond

The vehicle can now be operated normally.

ECA10311

NOTICE

- Keep the engine speed out of the tachometer red zone.
- If any engine trouble should occur during the engine break-in period, immediately have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

Parking

EAU17214

When parking, stop the engine, and then remove the key from the main switch.

EWA10312

WARNING

- Since the engine and exhaust system can become very hot, park in a place where pedestrians or children are not likely to touch them and be burned.
- Do not park on a slope or on soft ground, otherwise the vehicle may overturn, increasing the risk of a fuel leak and fire.
- Do not park near grass or other flammable materials which might catch fire.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU17245

EWA15123

EAU17303

Periodic inspection, adjustment, and lubrication will keep your vehicle in the safest and most efficient condition possible. Safety is an obligation of the vehicle owner/operator. The most important points of vehicle inspection, adjustment, and lubrication are explained on the following pages.

The intervals given in the periodic maintenance charts should be simply considered as a general guide under normal riding conditions. However, depending on the weather, terrain, geographical location, and individual use, the maintenance intervals may need to be shortened.

7

EWA10322

WARNING

Failure to properly maintain the vehicle or performing maintenance activities incorrectly may increase your risk of injury or death during service or while using the vehicle. If you are not familiar with vehicle service, have a Yamaha dealer perform service.

WARNING

Turn off the engine when performing maintenance unless otherwise specified.

- **A running engine has moving parts that can catch on body parts or clothing and electrical parts that can cause shocks or fires.**
- **Running the engine while servicing can lead to eye injury, burns, fire, or carbon monoxide poisoning – possibly leading to death. See page 2-3 for more information about carbon monoxide.**

EWA15461

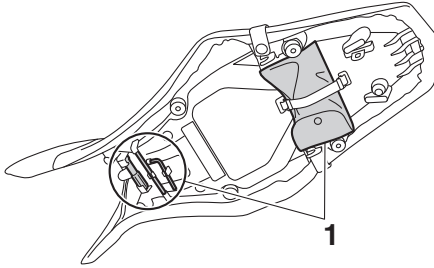
WARNING

Brake discs, calipers, drums, and linings can become very hot during use. To avoid possible burns, let brake components cool before touching them.

Emission controls not only function to ensure cleaner air, but are also vital to proper engine operation and maximum performance. In the following periodic maintenance charts, the services related to emissions control are grouped separately. These services require specialized data, knowledge, and equipment. Maintenance, replacement, or repair of the emission control devices and systems may be performed by any repair establishment or individual that is certified (if applicable). Yamaha dealers are trained and equipped to perform these particular services.

EAU39692

Owner's tool kit



1. Owner's tool kit

The owner's tool kit is located on the bottom of the seat. (See page 4-17.)

The service information included in this manual and the tools provided in the owner's tool kit are intended to assist you in the performance of preventive maintenance and minor repairs. However, additional tools such as a torque wrench may be necessary to perform certain maintenance work correctly.

TIP _____

If you do not have the tools or experience required for a particular job, have a Yamaha dealer perform it for you.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU48491

TIP

- From 24000 mi (37000 km) or 36 months, repeat the maintenance intervals starting from 8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months.
- Items marked with an asterisk require special tools, data and technical skills, have a Yamaha dealer perform the service.

EAU17602

Periodic maintenance chart for the emission control system

No.		ITEM	ROUTINE	INITIAL	ODOMETER READINGS					
				600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month	4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months	12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months	16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months	20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months	
1	*	Fuel line	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check fuel hoses for cracks or damage.• Replace if necessary.		√	√	√	√	√	
2	*	Spark plugs	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check condition.• Adjust gap and clean.• Replace every 8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months.		√	Replace.	√	Replace.	√	
3	*	Valve clearance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check and adjust valve clearance when engine is cold.	Every 26600 mi (42000 km)						
4	*	Crankcase breather system	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check breather hose for cracks or damage.• Replace if necessary.		√	√	√	√	√	
5	*	Fuel injection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Adjust synchronization.	√	√	√	√	√	√	

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

No.		ITEM	ROUTINE	INITIAL	ODOMETER READINGS				
				600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month	4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months	12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months	16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months	20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months
6	*	Evaporative emission control system (for California only)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check control system for damage.• Replace if necessary.				√		√
7	*	Air induction system	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check the air cut-off valve, reed valve, and hose for damage.• Replace any damaged parts if necessary.				√		√

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU32189

General maintenance and lubrication chart

No.	ITEM	ROUTINE	INITIAL	ODOMETER READINGS					
			600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month	4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months	12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months	16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months	20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months	
1	*	Air filter element	• Replace.	Every 24000 mi (37000 km)					
2	*	Clutch	• Check operation. • Adjust or replace cable.	√	√	√	√	√	√
3	*	Front brake	• Check operation, fluid level, and for fluid leakage. • Replace brake pads if necessary.	√	√	√	√	√	√
4	*	Rear brake	• Check operation, fluid level, and for fluid leakage. • Replace brake pads if necessary.	√	√	√	√	√	√
5	*	Brake hoses	• Check for cracks or damage. • Check for correct routing and clamping.		√	√	√	√	√
			• Replace.	Every 4 years					
6	*	Brake fluid	• Replace.	Every 2 years					
7	*	Wheels	• Check runout and for damage. • Replace if necessary.		√	√	√	√	√
8	*	Tires	• Check tread depth and for damage. • Replace if necessary. • Check air pressure. • Correct if necessary.		√	√	√	√	√
9	*	Wheel bearings	• Check bearings for smooth operation. • Replace if necessary.		√	√	√	√	√

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

No.		ITEM	ROUTINE	INITIAL	ODOMETER READINGS					
				600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month	4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months	12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months	16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months	20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months	
10	*	Swingarm pivot bearings	• Check operation and for excessive play.		√	√	√	√	√	
			• Moderately repack with lithium-soap-based grease.	Every 32000 mi (50000 km)						
11		Drive chain	• Check chain slack, alignment and condition. • Adjust and lubricate chain with a special O-ring chain lubricant thoroughly.	Every 500 mi (800 km) and after washing the motorcycle, riding in the rain or riding in wet areas						
12	*	Steering bearings	• Check bearing assemblies for looseness.	√	√	√	√	√	√	
			• Moderately repack with lithium-soap-based grease.	Every 12000 mi (19000 km)						
13	*	Chassis fasteners	• Check all chassis fitting and fasteners. • Correct if necessary.		√	√	√	√	√	
14		Brake lever pivot shaft	• Apply silicone grease lightly.		√	√	√	√	√	
15		Brake pedal pivot shaft	• Apply lithium-soap-based grease lightly.		√	√	√	√	√	
16		Clutch lever pivot shaft	• Apply lithium-soap-based grease lightly.		√	√	√	√	√	
17		Shift pedal pivot shaft	• Apply lithium-soap-based grease lightly.		√	√	√	√	√	

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

No.	ITEM	ROUTINE	INITIAL	ODOMETER READINGS					
			600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month	4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months	12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months	16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months	20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months	
18		Sidestand pivot	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation.• Apply lithium-soap-based grease lightly.		√	√	√	√	√
19	*	Sidestand switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation and replace if necessary.	√	√	√	√	√	√
20	*	Front fork	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation and for oil leakage.• Replace if necessary.		√	√	√	√	√
21	*	Shock absorber assembly	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation and for oil leakage.• Replace if necessary.		√	√	√	√	√
22	*	Rear suspension link pivots	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation.• Correct if necessary.			√		√	
23		Engine oil	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Change (warm engine before draining).	√	√	√	√	√	√
24		Engine oil filter cartridge	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Replace.	√		√		√	
25	*	Cooling system	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check hoses for cracks or damage.• Replace if necessary.		√	√	√	√	√
			<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Change coolant.					√	
26	*	Front and rear brake switches	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation.	√	√	√	√	√	√
27	*	Control cables	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Apply Yamaha cable lubricant or other suitable cable lubricant thoroughly.	√	√	√	√	√	√

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

No.		ITEM	ROUTINE	INITIAL	ODOMETER READINGS					
				600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month	4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months	12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months	16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months	20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months	
28	*	Throttle grip	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation.• Check throttle grip free play, and adjust if necessary.• Lubricate cable and grip housing.		√	√	√	√	√	
29	*	Lights, signals and switches	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation.• Adjust headlight beam.	√	√	√	√	√	√	

EAU17651

TIP

- Air filter
 - This model's air filter is equipped with a disposable oil-coated paper element, which must not be cleaned with compressed air to avoid damaging it.
 - The air filter element needs to be replaced more frequently when riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.
- Hydraulic brake service
 - After disassembling the brake master cylinders and calipers, always change the fluid. Regularly check the brake fluid levels and fill the reservoirs as required.
 - Every two years replace the internal components of the brake master cylinders and calipers, and change the brake fluid.
 - Replace the brake hoses every four years and if cracked or damaged.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU19653

Checking the spark plugs

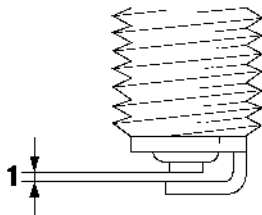
The spark plugs are important engine components, which should be checked periodically, preferably by a Yamaha dealer. Since heat and deposits will cause any spark plug to slowly erode, they should be removed and checked in accordance with the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. In addition, the condition of the spark plugs can reveal the condition of the engine.

The porcelain insulator around the center electrode of each spark plug should be a medium-to-light tan (the ideal color when the vehicle is ridden normally), and all spark plugs installed in the engine should have the same color. If any spark plug shows a distinctly different color, the engine could be operating improperly. Do not attempt to diagnose such problems yourself. Instead, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

If a spark plug shows signs of electrode erosion and excessive carbon or other deposits, it should be replaced.

Specified spark plug:
NGK/CPR9EA9

Before installing a spark plug, the spark plug gap should be measured with a wire thickness gauge and, if necessary, adjusted to specification.



1. Spark plug cap

Spark plug gap:
0.8–0.9 mm (0.031–0.035 in)

Clean the surface of the spark plug gasket and its mating surface, and then wipe off any grime from the spark plug threads.

Tightening torque:
Spark plug:
13 Nm (1.3 m·kgf, 9.4 ft·lbf)

TIP

If a torque wrench is not available when installing a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4–1/2 turn past finger tight. However, the spark plug should be tightened to the specified torque as soon as possible.

ECA10841

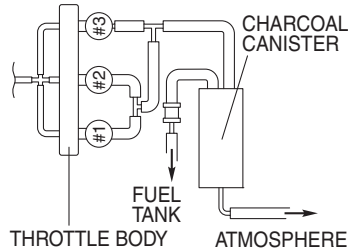
NOTICE

Do not use any tools to remove or install the spark plug cap, otherwise the ignition coil coupler may get damaged. The spark plug cap may be difficult to remove because the rubber seal on the end of the cap fits tightly. To remove the spark plug cap, simply twist it back and forth while pulling it out; to install it, twist it back and forth while pushing it in.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

Canister (for California only)

EAU19682



This model is equipped with a canister to prevent the discharging of fuel vapor into the atmosphere. Before operating this vehicle, make sure to check the following:

- Check each hose connection.
- Check each hose and canister for cracks or damage. Replace if damaged.
- Make sure that the canister breather is not blocked, and if necessary, clean it.

Engine oil and oil filter cartridge

EAU19909

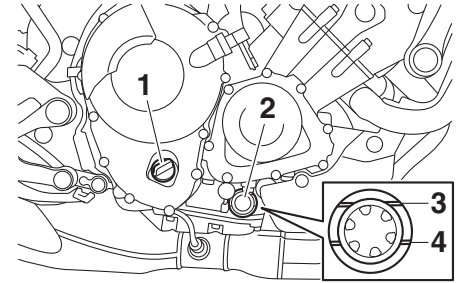
The engine oil level should be checked before each ride. In addition, the oil must be changed and the oil filter cartridge replaced at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

To check the engine oil level

1. Place the vehicle on a level surface and hold it in an upright position. A slight tilt to the side can result in a false reading.
2. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
3. Wait a few minutes until the oil settles, and then check the oil level through the check window located at the bottom-right side of the crankcase.

TIP

The engine oil should be between the minimum and maximum level marks.



1. Engine oil filler cap
2. Engine oil level check window
3. Maximum level mark
4. Minimum level mark

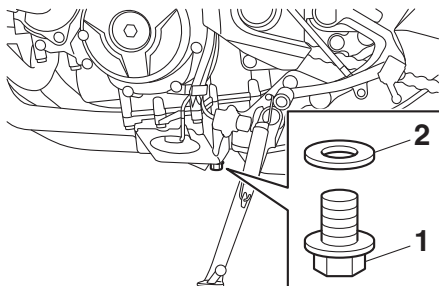
4. If the engine oil is below the minimum level mark, add sufficient oil of the recommended type to raise it to the correct level.

To change the engine oil (with or without oil filter cartridge replacement)

1. Place the vehicle on a level surface.
2. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
3. Place an oil pan under the engine to collect the used oil.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

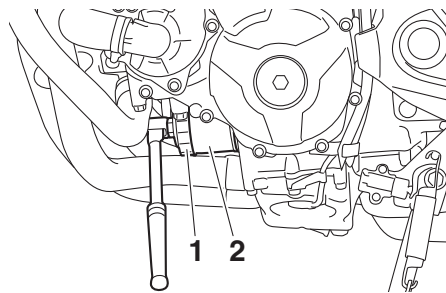
4. Remove the engine oil filler cap, the engine oil drain bolt and its gasket to drain the oil from the crankcase.



1. Engine oil drain bolt
2. Gasket

TIP
Skip steps 5–7 if the oil filter cartridge is not being replaced.

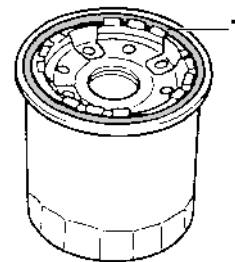
5. Remove the oil filter cartridge with an oil filter wrench.



1. Oil filter wrench
2. Oil filter cartridge

TIP
An oil filter wrench is available at a Yamaha dealer.

6. Apply a thin coat of clean engine oil to the O-ring of the new oil filter cartridge.

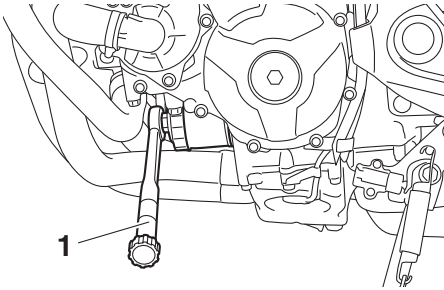


1. O-ring

TIP
Make sure that the O-ring is properly seated.

7. Install the new oil filter cartridge with an oil filter wrench, and then tighten it to the specified torque with a torque wrench.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT



1. Torque wrench

Tightening torque:

Oil filter cartridge:
17 Nm (1.7 m·kgf, 12 ft·lbf)

8. Install the engine oil drain bolt and its new gasket, and then tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening torque:

Engine oil drain bolt:
43 Nm (4.3 m·kgf, 31 ft·lbf)

9. Refill with the specified amount of the recommended engine oil, and then install and tighten the oil filler cap.

Recommended engine oil:

See page 9-1.

Oil quantity:

Without oil filter cartridge replacement:

2.40 L (2.54 US qt, 2.11 Imp.qt)

With oil filter cartridge replacement:

2.70 L (2.85 US qt, 2.38 Imp.qt)

TIP

Be sure to wipe off spilled oil on any parts after the engine and exhaust system have cooled down.

NOTICE

- In order to prevent clutch slip-page (since the engine oil also lubricates the clutch), do not mix any chemical additives. Do not use oils with a diesel specification of "CD" or oils of a higher quality than specified. In addition, do not use oils labeled "ENERGY CONSERVING II" or higher.
- Make sure that no foreign material enters the crankcase.

10. Start the engine, and then let it idle for several minutes while checking it for oil leakage. If oil is leaking, immediately turn the engine off and check for the cause.

TIP

After the engine is started, the engine oil level warning light should go off if the oil level is sufficient.

ECA10402

NOTICE

If the oil level warning light flickers or remains on even if the oil level is correct, immediately turn the engine off and have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

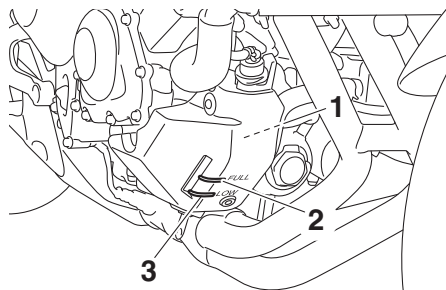
11. Turn the engine off, wait a few minutes until the oil settles, and then check the oil level and correct it if necessary.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

Coolant

The coolant level should be checked before each ride. In addition, the coolant must be changed at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

EAU20071



To check the coolant level

EAU20093

1. Place the vehicle on a level surface and hold it in an upright position.

1. Coolant reservoir
2. Maximum level mark
3. Minimum level mark

TIP

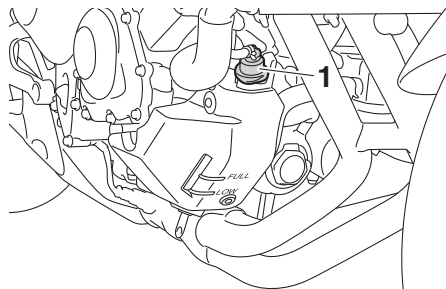
- The coolant level must be checked on a cold engine since the level varies with engine temperature.
- Make sure that the vehicle is positioned straight up when checking the coolant level. A slight tilt to the side can result in a false reading.

2. Check the coolant level in the coolant reservoir.

TIP

The coolant should be between the minimum and maximum level marks.

3. If the coolant is at or below the minimum level mark, remove the reservoir cap.



1. Coolant reservoir cap

4. Add coolant to the maximum level mark, and then install the reservoir cap. **WARNING! Remove only the coolant reservoir cap. Never attempt to remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.**

[EWA15162] **NOTICE:** If coolant is not available, use distilled water or soft tap water instead. Do not use hard water or salt water since it is harmful to the engine. If water has been used instead of coolant, replace it with coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the cooling system will not be protected against frost and corrosion. If water has been added to the coolant, have a Yamaha dealer check the anti-freeze content of the coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the effectiveness of the coolant will be reduced. [ECA10473]

Coolant reservoir capacity (up to the maximum level mark):
0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)

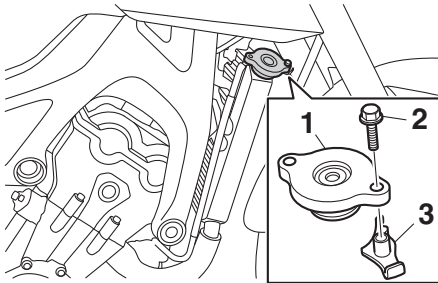
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU57961

To change the coolant

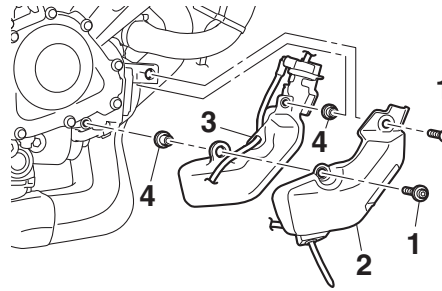
1. Place the vehicle on a level surface and let the engine cool if necessary.
2. Place a container under the engine to collect the used coolant.
3. Remove the radiator cap retaining bolt, radiator cap retainer and radiator cap. **WARNING! Never attempt to remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.**

[EWA10382]



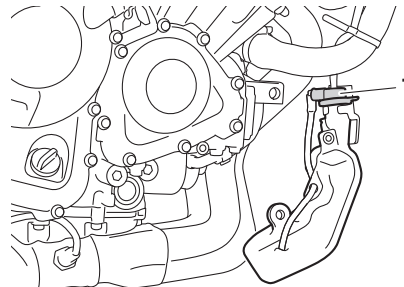
1. Radiator cap
2. Radiator cap retaining bolt
3. Radiator cap retainer

4. Remove the coolant reservoir cover and coolant reservoir by removing the bolts and collars.



1. Bolt
2. Coolant reservoir cover
3. Coolant reservoir
4. Collar

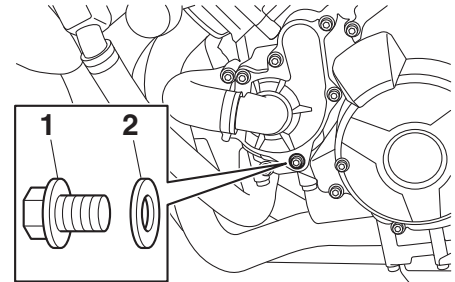
5. Remove the coolant reservoir cap.



1. Coolant reservoir cap

6. Drain the coolant from the coolant reservoir by turning it upside down.

7. Install the coolant reservoir and its cover by placing them in the original position, and then installing the collars and bolts.
8. Remove the coolant drain bolt and its gasket to drain the cooling system.



1. Coolant drain bolt
2. Gasket

9. After the coolant is completely drained, thoroughly flush the cooling system with clean tap water.
10. Install the coolant drain bolt and its new gasket, and then tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening torque:

Coolant drain bolt:
10 Nm (1.0 m·kgf, 7.2 ft·lbf)

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU36765

11. Pour the specified amount of the recommended coolant into the radiator and reservoir.

Antifreeze/water mixture ratio:

1:1

Recommended antifreeze:

High-quality ethylene glycol antifreeze containing corrosion inhibitors for aluminum engines

Coolant quantity:

Radiator capacity (including all routes):

1.93 L (2.04 US qt, 1.70 Imp.qt)

Coolant reservoir capacity (up to the maximum level mark):

0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)

16. Check the coolant level in the reservoir. If necessary, remove the coolant reservoir cap, add coolant to the maximum level mark, and then install the cap.
17. Start the engine, and then check the vehicle for coolant leakage. If coolant is leaking, have a Yamaha dealer check the cooling system.

Air filter element

The air filter element must be replaced at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. Have a Yamaha dealer replace the air filter element.

12. Install the coolant reservoir cap.
13. Install the radiator cap.
14. Start the engine, let it idle for several minutes, and then turn it off.
15. Remove the radiator cap to check the coolant level in the radiator. If necessary, add sufficient coolant until it reaches the top of the radiator, and then install the radiator cap, radiator cap retainer and radiator cap retaining bolt.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

Checking the engine idling speed

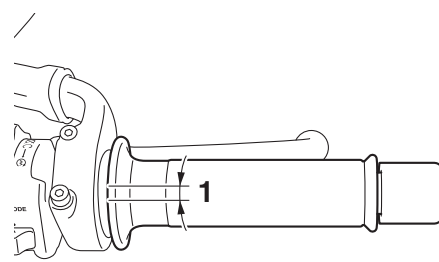
EAU44735

Check the engine idling speed and, if necessary, have it corrected by a Yamaha dealer.

Engine idling speed:
1100–1300 r/min

Checking the throttle grip free play

EAU21385



1. Throttle grip free play

The throttle grip free play should measure 3.0–5.0 mm (0.12–0.20 in) at the inner edge of the throttle grip. Periodically check the throttle grip free play and, if necessary, have a Yamaha dealer adjust it.

Valve clearance

EAU21402

The valve clearance changes with use, resulting in improper air-fuel mixture and/or engine noise. To prevent this from occurring, the valve clearance must be adjusted by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU21759

Tires

Tires are the only contact between the vehicle and the road. Safety in all conditions of riding depends on a relatively small area of road contact. Therefore, it is essential to maintain the tires in good condition at all times and replace them at the appropriate time with the specified tires.

Tire air pressure

The tire air pressure should be checked and, if necessary, adjusted before each ride.

EWA10504

WARNING

Operation of this vehicle with improper tire pressure may cause severe injury or death from loss of control.

- The tire air pressure must be checked and adjusted on cold tires (i.e., when the temperature of the tires equals the ambient temperature).
- The tire air pressure must be adjusted in accordance with the riding speed and with the total

weight of rider, passenger, cargo, and accessories approved for this model.

Tire air pressure (measured on cold tires):

Up to 90 kg (198 lb) load:

Front:

250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)

Rear:

290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

90 kg (198 lb) to maximum load:

Front:

250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)

Rear:

290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

High-speed riding:

Front:

250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)

Rear:

290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

Maximum load*:

FZ09E 177 kg (390 lb)

FZ09EC 176 kg (388 lb)

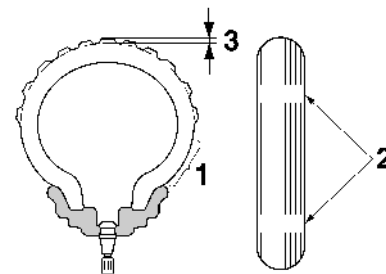
* Total weight of rider, passenger, cargo and accessories

EWA10512

WARNING

Never overload your vehicle. Operation of an overloaded vehicle could cause an accident.

Tire inspection



1. Tire sidewall
2. Tire wear indicator
3. Tire tread depth

Always check the tires before operating the motorcycle. If a tire tread shows crosswise lines (minimum tread depth), if the tire has a nail or glass fragments in it, or if the sidewall is cracked, contact a Yamaha dealer immediately and have the tire replaced.

Minimum tire tread depth (front and rear):

1.0 mm (0.04 in)

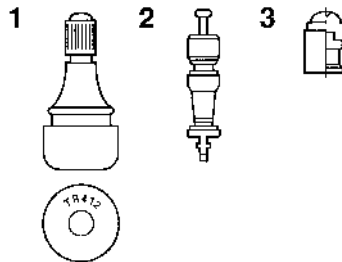
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EWA10582

WARNING

- It is dangerous to ride with a worn-out tire. When a tire tread begins to show crosswise lines, have a Yamaha dealer replace the tire immediately.
- The replacement of all wheel- and brake-related parts, including the tires, should be left to a Yamaha dealer, who has the necessary professional knowledge and experience to do so.
- Ride at moderate speeds after changing a tire since the tire surface must first be “broken in” for it to develop its optimal characteristics.

Tire information



1. Tire air valve
2. Tire air valve core
3. Tire air valve cap with seal

This motorcycle is equipped with tubeless tires, tire air valves and cast wheels.

Tires age, even if they have not been used or have only been used occasionally. Cracking of the tread and sidewall rubber, sometimes accompanied by carcass deformation, is an evidence of ageing. Old and aged tires shall be checked by tire specialists to ascertain their suitability for further use.

EWA10482

WARNING

- The front and rear tires should be of the same make and design, otherwise the handling characteristics of the motorcycle may be different, which could lead to an accident.
- Always make sure that the valve caps are securely installed to prevent air pressure leakage.
- Use only the tire valves and valve cores listed below to avoid tire deflation during a high-speed ride.

After extensive tests, only the tires listed below have been approved for this model by Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU21963

Front tire:

Size:

120/70 ZR17M/C (58W)

Manufacturer/model:

BRIDGESTONE/S20F

DUNLOP/D214F

Rear tire:

Size:

180/55 ZR17M/C (73W)

Manufacturer/model:

BRIDGESTONE/S20R

DUNLOP/D214

FRONT and REAR:

Tire air valve:

TR412

Valve core:

#9100 (original)

“broken in”. Therefore, it is advisable before doing any high-speed riding to ride conservatively for approximately 100 km (60 mi) after installing a new tire.

- The tires must be warmed up before a high-speed run.
- Always adjust the tire air pressure according to the operating conditions.

Cast wheels

To maximize the performance, durability, and safe operation of your vehicle, note the following points regarding the specified wheels.

- The wheel rims should be checked for cracks, bends, warpage or other damage before each ride. If any damage is found, have a Yamaha dealer replace the wheel. Do not attempt even the smallest repair to the wheel. A deformed or cracked wheel must be replaced.
- The wheel should be balanced whenever either the tire or wheel has been changed or replaced. An unbalanced wheel can result in poor performance, adverse handling characteristics, and a shortened tire life.

EWA10601

WARNING

7

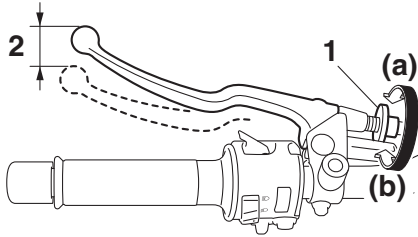
This motorcycle is fitted with super-high-speed tires. Note the following points in order to make the most efficient use of these tires.

- Use only the specified replacement tires. Other tires may run the danger of bursting at super high speeds.
- Brand-new tires can have a relatively poor grip on certain road surfaces until they have been

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

Adjusting the clutch lever free play

EAU22082



1. Clutch lever free play adjusting bolt
2. Clutch lever free play

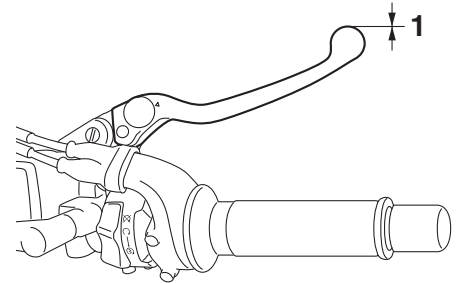
The clutch lever free play should measure 10.0–15.0 mm (0.39–0.59 in) as shown. Periodically check the clutch lever free play and, if necessary, adjust it as follows.

To increase the clutch lever free play, turn the clutch lever free play adjusting bolt in direction (a). To decrease the clutch lever free play, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (b).

TIP _____
If the specified free play cannot be obtained as described above or if the clutch does not operate correctly, have a Yamaha dealer check the internal clutch mechanism.

Checking the brake lever free play

EAU37914



1. No brake lever free play

There should be no free play at the brake lever end. If there is free play, have a Yamaha dealer inspect the brake system.

EWA14212

WARNING

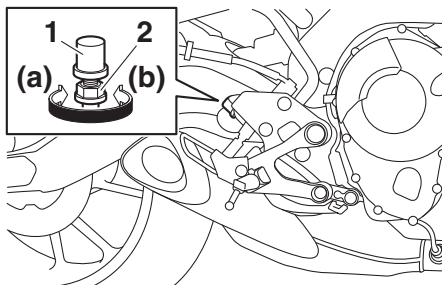
A soft or spongy feeling in the brake lever can indicate the presence of air in the hydraulic system. If there is air in the hydraulic system, have a Yamaha dealer bleed the system before operating the vehicle. Air in the hydraulic system will diminish the

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

braking performance, which may result in loss of control and an accident.

Brake light switches

EAU22274



1. Rear brake light switch
2. Rear brake light switch adjusting nut

The brake light, which is activated by the brake pedal and brake lever, should come on just before braking takes effect. If necessary, adjust the rear brake light switch as follows, but the front brake light switch should be adjusted by a Yamaha dealer.

Turn the rear brake light switch adjusting nut while holding the rear brake light switch in place. To make the brake light come on earlier, turn the adjusting nut in direction (a). To make the brake light come on later, turn the adjusting nut in direction (b).

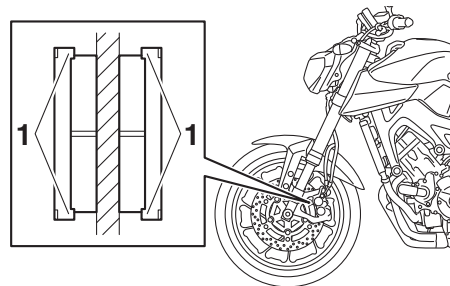
Checking the front and rear brake pads

EAU22393

The front and rear brake pads must be checked for wear at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

Front brake pads

EAU36891



1. Brake pad wear indicator

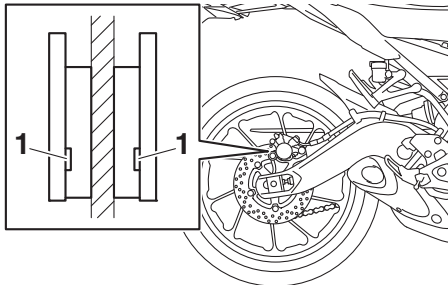
Each front brake pad is provided with wear indicators, which allows you to check the brake pad wear without having to disassemble the brake. To check the brake pad wear, check the position of the wear indicators while applying the brake. If a brake pad has worn to the point that a wear indicator almost

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

touches the brake disc, have a Yamaha dealer replace the brake pads as a set.

Rear brake pads

EAU46292



1. Brake pad wear indicator groove

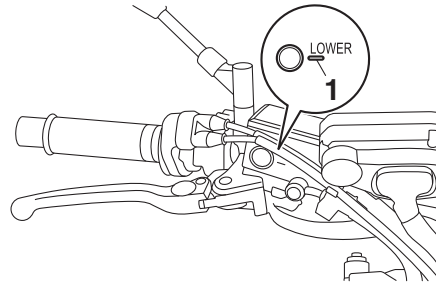
Each rear brake pad is provided with wear indicator grooves, which allow you to check the brake pad wear without having to disassemble the brake. To check the brake pad wear, check the wear indicator grooves. If a brake pad has worn to the point that a wear indicator groove almost appears, have a Yamaha dealer replace the brake pads as a set.

Checking the brake fluid level

EAU22582

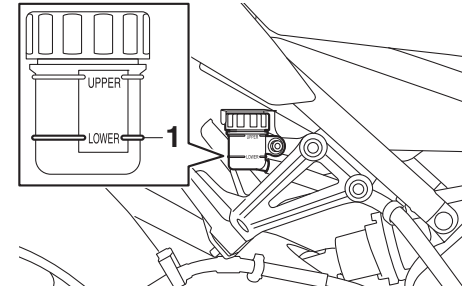
Before riding, check that the brake fluid is above the minimum level mark. Check the brake fluid level with the top of the reservoir level. Replenish the brake fluid if necessary.

Front brake



1. Minimum level mark

Rear brake



1. Minimum level mark

Specified brake fluid:
DOT 4

EWA15991

WARNING

Improper maintenance can result in loss of braking ability. Observe these precautions:

- Insufficient brake fluid may allow air to enter the brake system, reducing braking performance.
- Clean the filler cap before removing. Use only DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

- **Use only the specified brake fluid; otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage.**
- **Refill with the same type of brake fluid. Adding a brake fluid other than DOT 4 may result in a harmful chemical reaction.**
- **Be careful that water does not enter the brake fluid reservoir when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.**

fluid level goes down suddenly, have a Yamaha dealer check the cause before further riding.

ECA17641

NOTICE

7

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

As the brake pads wear, it is normal for the brake fluid level to gradually go down. A low brake fluid level may indicate worn brake pads and/or brake system leakage; therefore, be sure to check the brake pads for wear and the brake system for leakage. If the brake

EAU22733

Changing the brake fluid

Have a Yamaha dealer change the brake fluid at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. In addition, have the oil seals of the master cylinders and calipers as well as the brake hoses replaced at the intervals listed below or whenever they are damaged or leaking.

- **Oil seals:** Replace every two years.
- **Brake hoses:** Replace every four years.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

Drive chain slack

The drive chain slack should be checked before each ride and adjusted if necessary.

EAU22762

To check the drive chain slack

EAU22775

1. Place the motorcycle on the side-stand.

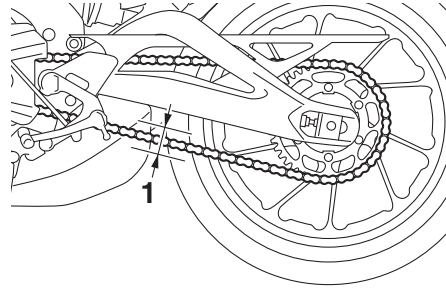
TIP

When checking and adjusting the drive chain slack, there should be no weight on the motorcycle.

2. Shift the transmission into the neutral position.
3. Measure the drive chain slack as shown.

Drive chain slack:

5.0–15.0 mm (0.20–0.59 in)



1. Drive chain slack

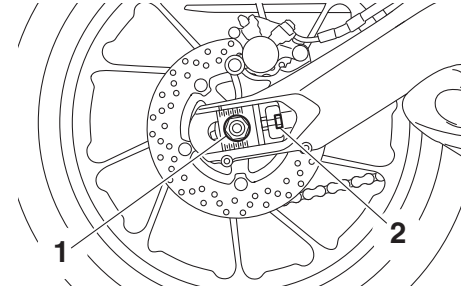
4. If the drive chain slack is incorrect, adjust it as follows.

To adjust the drive chain slack

EAU57970

Consult a Yamaha dealer before adjusting the drive chain slack.

1. Loosen the axle nut and the locknut on each side of the swingarm.



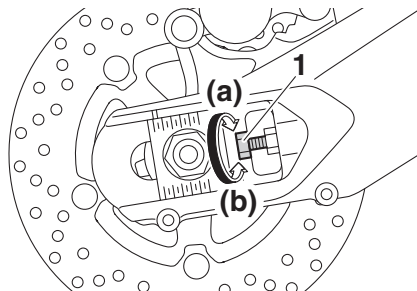
1. Axle nut
2. Locknut

2. To tighten the drive chain, turn the drive chain slack adjusting bolt on each side of the swingarm in direction (a). To loosen the drive chain, turn the adjusting bolt on each side of the swingarm in direction (b), and then push the rear wheel forward. **NOTICE: Improper drive chain slack will overload the engine as well as other vital parts of the motorcycle and can lead to chain slippage or breakage. If the drive chain slack is more than 25.0 mm (0.98 in), the chain can damage the frame, swingarm, and other parts. To prevent this from oc-**

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

curing, keep the drive chain slack within the specified limits.

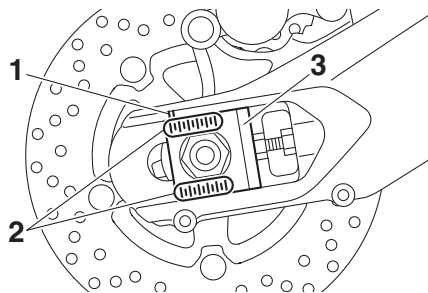
[ECA17791]



1. Drive chain slack adjusting bolt

TIP

Using the alignment marks and notch on each side of the swingarm, make sure that both drive chain pullers are in the same position for proper wheel alignment.



1. Notch
2. Alignment marks
3. Drive chain puller

3. Tighten the axle nut, then the locknuts to their specified torques.

Tightening torques:

Axle nut:

150 Nm (15 m·kgf, 108 ft·lbf)

Locknut:

16 Nm (1.6 m·kgf, 12 ft·lbf)

4. Make sure that the drive chain pullers are in the same position, the drive chain slack is correct, and the drive chain moves smoothly.

Cleaning and lubricating the drive chain

EAU23026

The drive chain must be cleaned and lubricated at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart, otherwise it will quickly wear out, especially when riding in dusty or wet areas. Service the drive chain as follows.

ECA10584

NOTICE

The drive chain must be lubricated after washing the motorcycle, riding in the rain or riding in wet areas.

1. Clean the drive chain with kerosene and a small soft brush.
NOTICE: To prevent damaging the O-rings, do not clean the drive chain with steam cleaners, high-pressure washers or inappropriate solvents. [ECA11122]
2. Wipe the drive chain dry.
3. Thoroughly lubricate the drive chain with a special O-ring chain lubricant. **NOTICE:** Do not use engine oil or any other lubricants for the drive chain, as they

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

may contain substances that could damage the O-rings.

[ECA11112]

Checking and lubricating the cables

EAU23098

The operation of all control cables and the condition of the cables should be checked before each ride, and the cables and cable ends should be lubricated if necessary. If a cable is damaged or does not move smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or replace it. **WARNING! Damage to the outer housing of cables may result in internal rusting and cause interference with cable movement. Replace damaged cables as soon as possible to prevent unsafe conditions.** [EWA10712]

Recommended lubricant:

Yamaha cable lubricant or other suitable cable lubricant

Checking and lubricating the throttle grip and cable

EAU23115

The operation of the throttle grip should be checked before each ride. In addition, the cable should be lubricated by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance chart.

The throttle cable is equipped with a rubber cover. Make sure that the cover is securely installed. Even though the cover is installed correctly, it does not completely protect the cable from water entry. Therefore, use care not to pour water directly onto the cover or cable when washing the vehicle. If the cable or cover becomes dirty, wipe clean with a moist cloth.

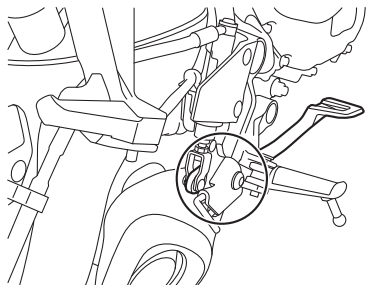
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

Checking and lubricating the brake and shift pedals

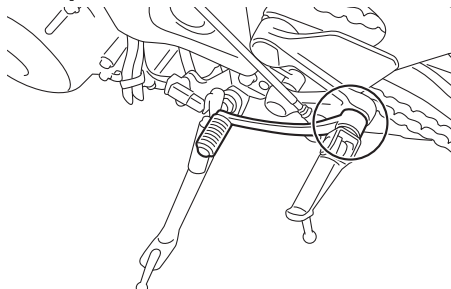
EAU44275

The operation of the brake and shift pedals should be checked before each ride, and the pedal pivots should be lubricated if necessary.

Brake pedal



Shift pedal



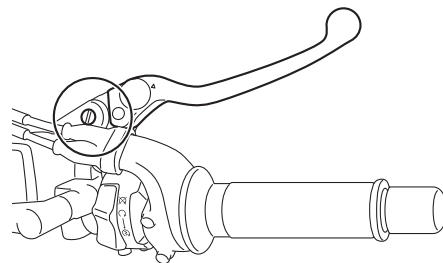
Recommended lubricant:
Lithium-soap-based grease

Checking and lubricating the brake and clutch levers

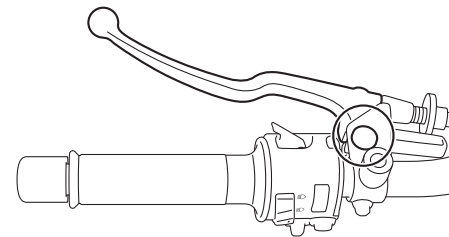
EAU23144

The operation of the brake and clutch levers should be checked before each ride, and the lever pivots should be lubricated if necessary.

Brake lever



Clutch lever



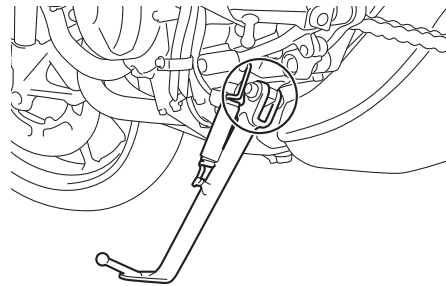
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

Recommended lubricants:

- Brake lever:
 - Silicone grease
- Clutch lever:
 - Lithium-soap-based grease

Checking and lubricating the sidestand

EAU23203



The operation of the sidestand should be checked before each ride, and the sidestand pivot and metal-to-metal contact surfaces should be lubricated if necessary.

EWA10732

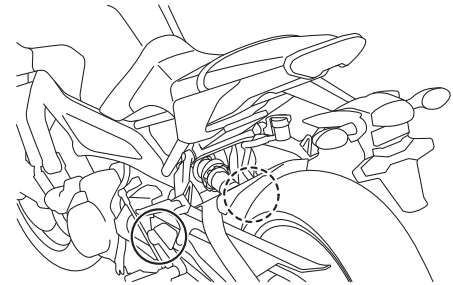
WARNING

If the sidestand does not move up and down smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or repair it. Otherwise, the sidestand could contact the ground and distract the operator, resulting in a possible loss of control.

Recommended lubricant:
Lithium-soap-based grease

Lubricating the swingarm pivots

EAUM1653



The swingarm pivots must be lubricated by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

Recommended lubricant:
Lithium-soap-based grease

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU23273

Checking the front fork

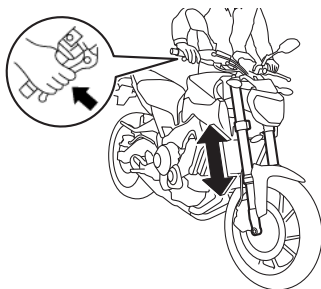
The condition and operation of the front fork must be checked as follows at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

To check the condition

Check the inner tubes for scratches, damage and excessive oil leakage.

To check the operation

1. Place the vehicle on a level surface and hold it in an upright position. **WARNING! To avoid injury, securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling over.** [EWA10752]
2. While applying the front brake, push down hard on the handlebars several times to check if the front fork compresses and rebounds smoothly.



ECA10591

NOTICE

If any damage is found or the front fork does not operate smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or repair it.

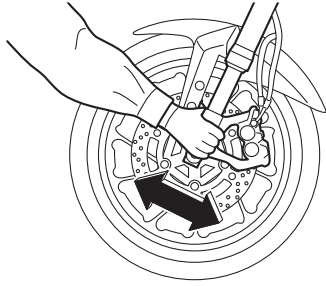
EAU23284

Checking the steering

Worn or loose steering bearings may cause danger. Therefore, the operation of the steering must be checked as follows at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

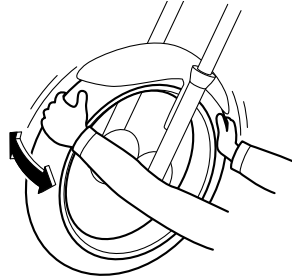
1. Place a stand under the engine to raise the front wheel off the ground. (See page 7-39 for more information.) **WARNING! To avoid injury, securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling over.** [EWA10752]
2. Hold the lower ends of the front fork legs and try to move them forward and backward. If any free play can be felt, have a Yamaha dealer check or repair the steering.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT



Checking the wheel bearings

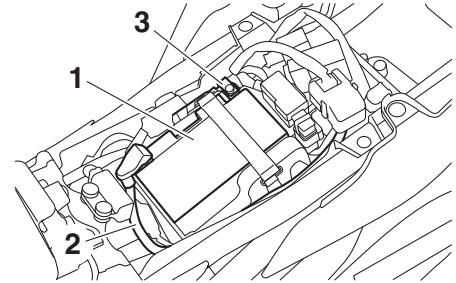
EAU23292



The front and rear wheel bearings must be checked at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. If there is play in the wheel hub or if the wheel does not turn smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check the wheel bearings.

Battery

EAU50291



1. Battery
2. Positive battery lead (red)
3. Negative battery lead (black)

The battery is located under the seat. (See page 4-17.)

This model is equipped with a VRLA (Valve Regulated Lead Acid) battery. There is no need to check the electrolyte or to add distilled water. However, the battery lead connections need to be checked and, if necessary, tightened.

EWA10761

WARNING

- **Electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous since it contains sulfuric acid, which causes severe**

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

burns. Avoid any contact with skin, eyes or clothing and always shield your eyes when working near batteries. In case of contact, administer the following FIRST AID.

- **EXTERNAL:** Flush with plenty of water.
 - **INTERNAL:** Drink large quantities of water or milk and immediately call a physician.
 - **EYES:** Flush with water for 15 minutes and seek prompt medical attention.
 - Batteries produce explosive hydrogen gas. Therefore, keep sparks, flames, cigarettes, etc., away from the battery and provide sufficient ventilation when charging it in an enclosed space.
 - **KEEP THIS AND ALL BATTERIES OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.**
-

To charge the battery

Have a Yamaha dealer charge the battery as soon as possible if it seems to have discharged. Keep in mind that the

battery tends to discharge more quickly if the vehicle is equipped with optional electrical accessories.

ECA16522

NOTICE

To charge a VRLA (Valve Regulated Lead Acid) battery, a special (constant-voltage) battery charger is required. Using a conventional battery charger will damage the battery.

To store the battery

1. If the vehicle will not be used for more than one month, remove the battery, fully charge it, and then place it in a cool, dry place.
NOTICE: When removing the battery, be sure the key is turned to “OFF”, then disconnect the negative lead before disconnecting the positive lead.

[ECA16303]

2. If the battery will be stored for more than two months, check it at least once a month and fully charge it if necessary.
3. Fully charge the battery before installation. **NOTICE:** When installing the battery, be sure the key

is turned to “OFF”, then connect the positive lead before connecting the negative lead. [ECA16841]

4. After installation, make sure that the battery leads are properly connected to the battery terminals.

ECA16531

NOTICE

Always keep the battery charged. Storing a discharged battery can cause permanent battery damage.

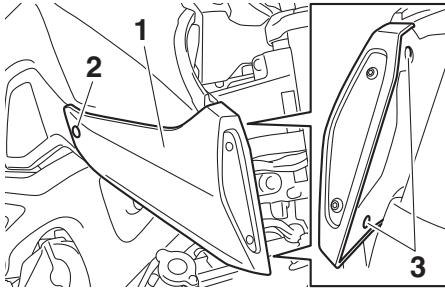
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU57983

Replacing the fuses

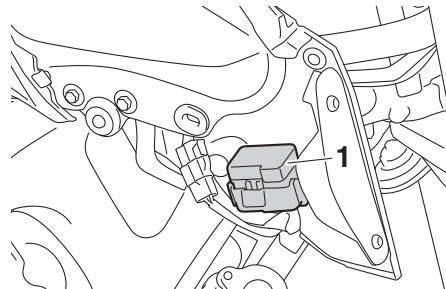
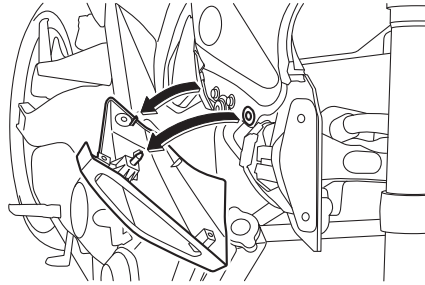
The fuse boxes and individual fuses are located under the seat (See page 4-17.) and behind the right side panel. To access fuse box 1, remove and install the right side panel as follows.

1. Remove the bolt and quick fasteners.

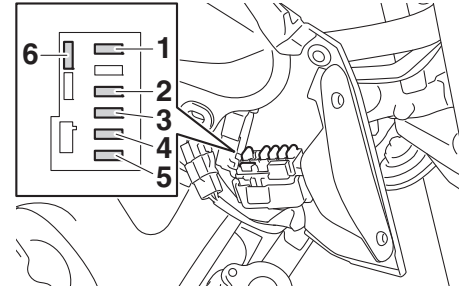


1. Right side panel
2. Bolt
3. Quick fastener

2. Pull the right side panel off as shown.



1. Fuse box 1

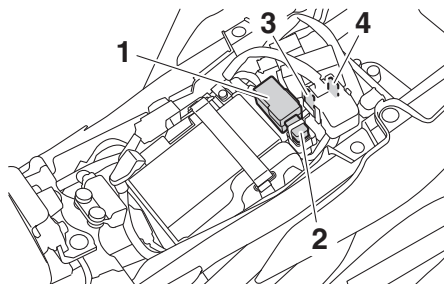


1. Ignition fuse
2. Parking lighting fuse
3. Auxiliary fuse
4. Signaling system fuse
5. Headlight fuse
6. Spare fuse

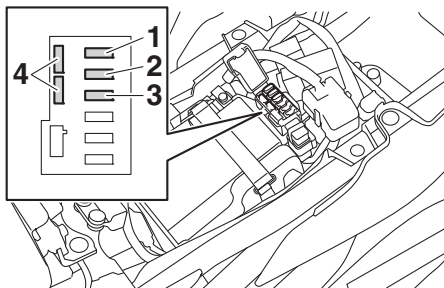
3. Place the panel in the original position.
4. Install the bolt and quick fasteners.

To access fuse box 2, the main fuse, and the fuel injection system fuse, remove the seat. (See page 4-17.)

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT



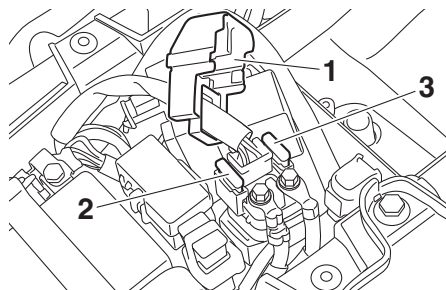
1. Fuse box 2
2. Main fuse
3. Fuel injection system fuse
4. Fuel injection system spare fuse



1. Radiator fan fuse
2. Backup fuse (for clock)
3. Electronic throttle valve fuse
4. Spare fuse

TIP

To access the fuel injection system fuse, remove the starter relay cover by pulling it upward.



1. Starter relay cover
2. Fuel injection system fuse
3. Fuel injection system spare fuse

If a fuse is blown, replace it as follows.

1. Turn the key to "OFF" and turn off the electrical circuit in question.
2. Remove the blown fuse, and then install a new fuse of the specified amperage. **WARNING! Do not use a fuse of a higher amperage rating than recommended to avoid causing extensive damage to the electrical system and possibly a fire.** [EWA15132]

Specified fuses:

- Main fuse:
50.0 A
- Auxiliary fuse:
2.0 A
- Headlight fuse:
15.0 A
- Signaling system fuse:
7.5 A
- Ignition fuse:
15.0 A
- Parking lighting fuse:
10.0 A
- Radiator fan fuse:
15.0 A
- Fuel injection system fuse:
10.0 A
- Backup fuse:
7.5 A
- Electronic throttle valve fuse:
7.5 A

3. Turn the key to "ON" and turn on the electrical circuit in question to check if the device operates.
4. If the fuse immediately blows again, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical system.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

Replacing the headlight bulb

EAU58001

This model is equipped with a halogen bulb headlight. If the headlight bulb burns out, replace it as follows.

ECA10651

NOTICE

Take care not to damage the following parts:

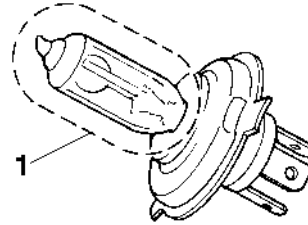
- **Headlight bulb**

Do not touch the glass part of the headlight bulb to keep it free from oil, otherwise the transparency of the glass, the luminosity of the bulb, and the bulb life will be adversely affected. Thoroughly clean off any dirt and fingerprints on the headlight bulb using a cloth moistened with alcohol or thinner.

- **Headlight lens**

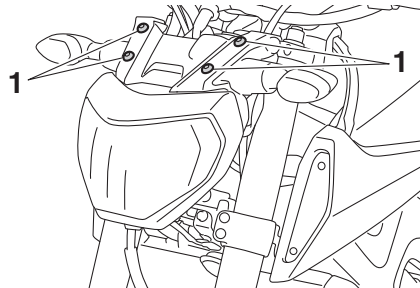
Do not affix any type of tinted film or stickers to the headlight lens.

Do not use a headlight bulb of a wattage higher than specified.

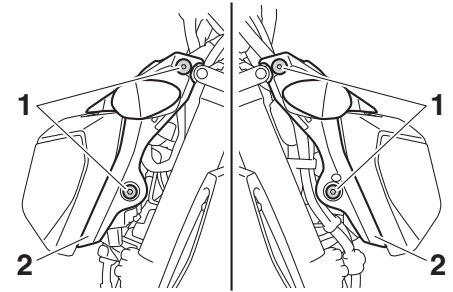


1. Do not touch the glass part of the bulb.

1. Remove the headlight unit side covers by removing the bolts on each side.



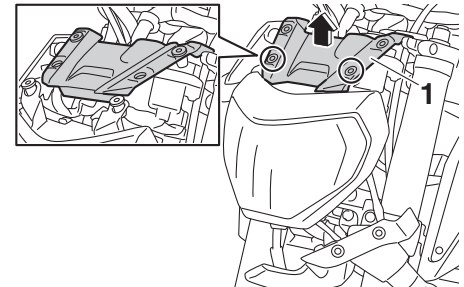
1. Bolt



1. Bolt

2. Headlight unit side cover

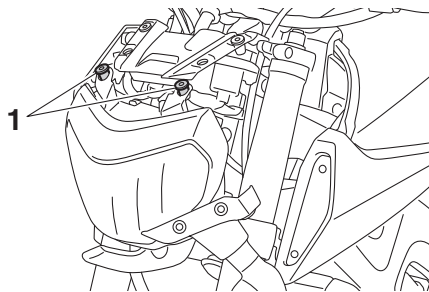
2. Pull up the headlight unit cover to separate it from the headlight unit.



1. Headlight unit cover

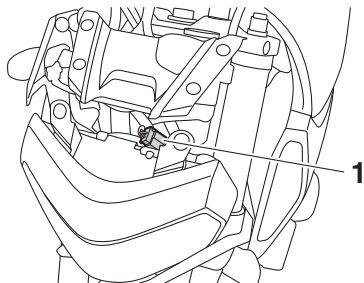
3. Remove the grommets.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT



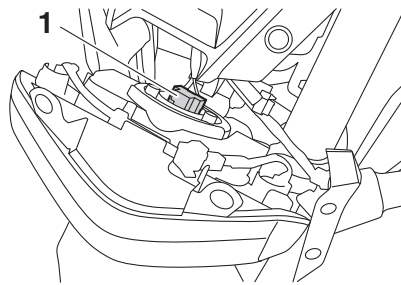
1. Grommet

4. Disconnect the auxiliary light coupler.



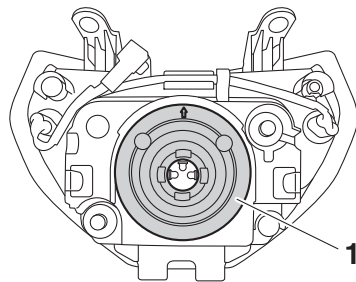
1. Auxiliary light coupler

5. Disconnect the headlight coupler, and then remove the headlight unit from the vehicle.



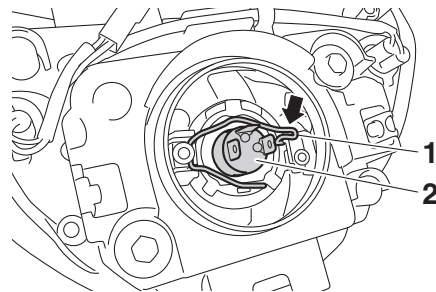
1. Headlight coupler

6. Remove the headlight bulb cover.



1. Headlight bulb cover

7. Unhook the headlight bulb holder, then remove the burnt-out bulb.

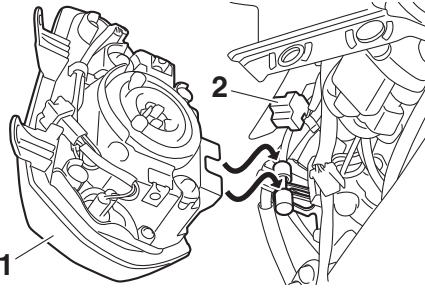


1. Headlight bulb holder

2. Headlight bulb

8. Place a new headlight bulb into position, then secure it with the bulb holder.
9. Install the headlight bulb cover.
10. Install the headlight unit as shown, and then connect the headlight coupler.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT



- 1. Headlight unit
- 2. Headlight coupler

11. Connect the auxiliary light coupler.
12. Align the holes in the headlight unit with the holes in the headlight unit cover.
13. Install the grommets.
14. Place the headlight unit side covers in their original position, and then install the bolts.
15. Have a Yamaha dealer adjust the headlight beam if necessary.

Tail/brake light

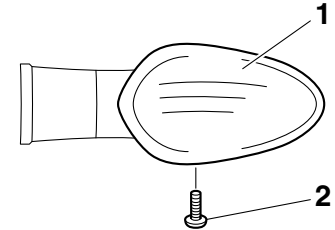
This model is equipped with an LED-type tail/brake light.
If the tail/brake light does not come on, have a Yamaha dealer check it.

EAU24182

Replacing a turn signal light bulb

EAU43006

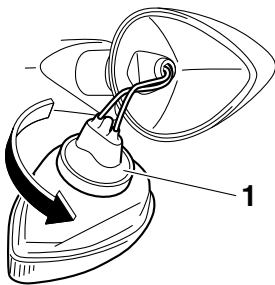
1. Remove the turn signal light unit by removing the screw.



1. Turn signal light unit
2. Screw

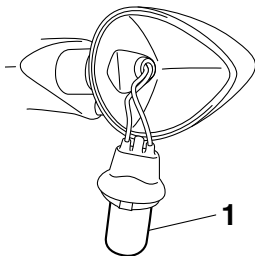
2. Remove the turn signal light bulb socket (together with the bulb) by turning it counterclockwise.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT



1. Turn signal light bulb socket

3. Remove the burnt-out bulb by pulling it out.



1. Turn signal light bulb

4. Insert a new bulb into the socket.
5. Install the socket (together with the bulb) by turning it clockwise.

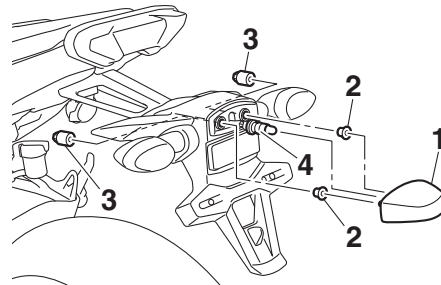
6. Install the turn signal light unit by installing the screw. **NOTICE: Do not overtighten the screw, otherwise the lens may break.**

[ECA11192]

Replacing the license plate light bulb

EAU58010

1. Remove the license plate light unit by removing the nuts and collars, and then remove the license plate light bulb socket (together with the bulb) by pulling it out.

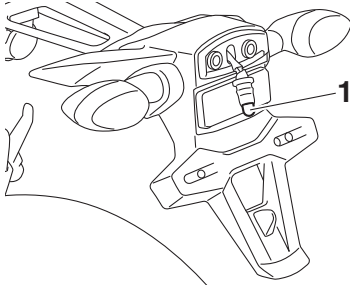


1. License plate light unit
2. Collar
3. Nut
4. License plate light bulb socket

2. Remove the burnt-out bulb by pulling it out.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU58021



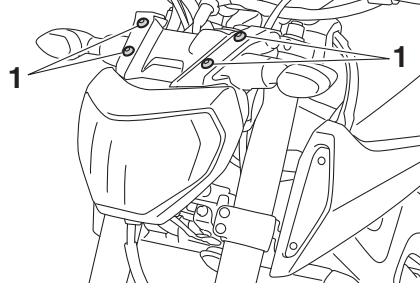
1. License plate light bulb

3. Insert a new bulb into the socket.
4. Install the socket (together with the bulb) by pushing it in, and then install the license plate light unit by installing the collars and nuts.

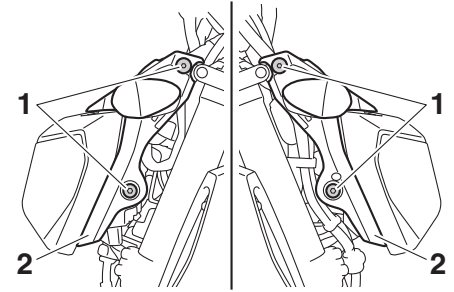
Replacing an auxiliary light bulb

This model is equipped with two auxiliary lights. If an auxiliary light bulb burns out, replace it as follows.

1. Remove the headlight unit side covers by removing the bolts on each side.

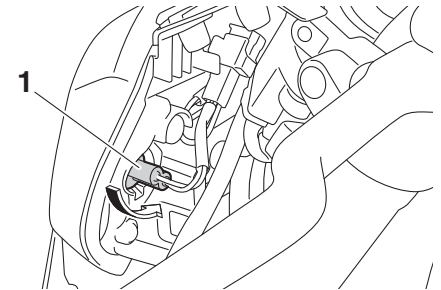


1. Bolt



1. Bolt
2. Headlight unit side cover

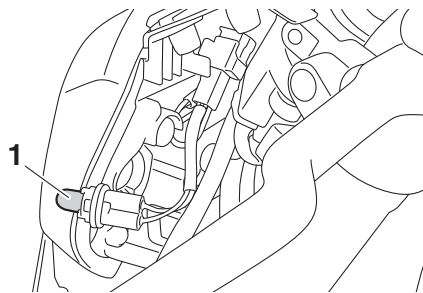
2. Remove the auxiliary light bulb socket (together with the bulb) by turning it counterclockwise.



1. Auxiliary light bulb socket

3. Remove the burnt-out bulb by pulling it out.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT



1. Auxiliary light bulb

4. Insert a new bulb into the socket.
5. Install the socket (together with the bulb) by turning it clockwise.
6. Place the headlight unit side covers in their original position, and then install the bolts.

7

EAU24351

Supporting the motorcycle

Since this model is not equipped with a centerstand, follow these precautions when removing the front and rear wheel or performing other maintenance requiring the motorcycle to stand upright. Check that the motorcycle is in a stable and level position before starting any maintenance. A strong wooden box can be placed under the engine for added stability.

To service the front wheel

1. Stabilize the rear of the motorcycle by using a motorcycle stand or, if an additional motorcycle stand is not available, by placing a jack under the frame in front of the rear wheel.
2. Raise the front wheel off the ground by using a motorcycle stand.

To service the rear wheel

Raise the rear wheel off the ground by using a motorcycle stand or, if a motorcycle stand is not available, by placing

a jack either under each side of the frame in front of the rear wheel or under each side of the swingarm.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

Front wheel

EAU24361

EAU56390

To remove the front wheel

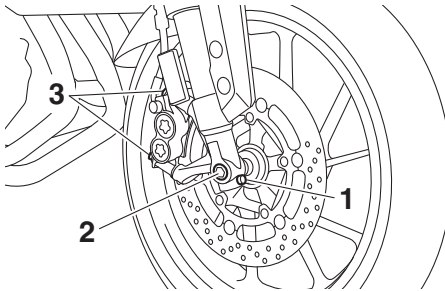
EWA10822



WARNING

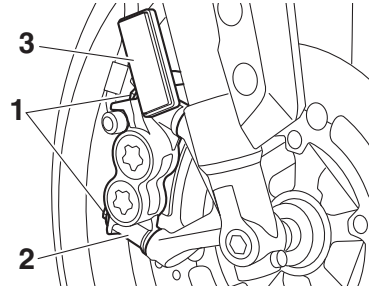
To avoid injury, securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling over.

1. Loosen the front wheel axle pinch bolt, then the wheel axle and the brake caliper bolts.



1. Front wheel axle pinch bolt
2. Wheel axle
3. Brake caliper bolt

2. Lift the front wheel off the ground according to the procedure in the previous section "Supporting the motorcycle".
3. Remove the brake caliper (together with the reflector) on each side by removing the bolts. **NOTICE:** Do not apply the brake after the brake calipers have been removed, otherwise the brake pads will be forced shut. [ECA11052]



1. Brake caliper bolt
2. Brake caliper
3. Reflector

4. Pull the wheel axle out, and then remove the wheel.

To install the front wheel

1. Lift the wheel up between the fork legs.
2. Insert the wheel axle.
3. Install the brake caliper (together with the reflector) on each side by installing the bolts.

TIP

Make sure that there is enough space between the brake pads before installing the brake calipers onto the brake discs.

4. Lower the front wheel so that it is on the ground, and then put the sidestand down.
5. Tighten the wheel axle, the front wheel axle pinch bolt and the brake caliper bolts to the specified torques.

Tightening torques:

Wheel axle:

65 Nm (6.5 m·kgf, 47 ft·lbf)

Front wheel axle pinch bolt:

23 Nm (2.3 m·kgf, 17 ft·lbf)

Brake caliper bolt:

35 Nm (3.5 m·kgf, 25 ft·lbf)

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

6. Push down hard on the handlebar several times to check for proper fork operation.

Rear wheel

EAU25081

EAU56701

To remove the rear wheel

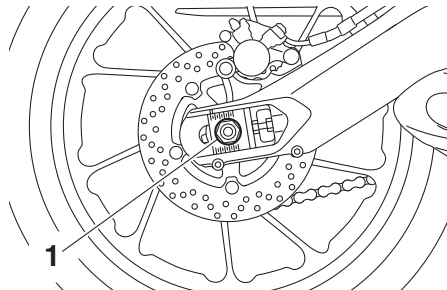
EWA10822



WARNING

To avoid injury, securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling over.

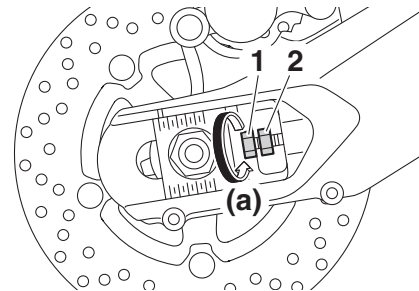
1. Loosen the axle nut.



1. Axle nut

2. Lift the rear wheel off the ground according to the procedure on page 7-39.
3. Remove the axle nut.

4. Fully loosen the locknut on each side of the swingarm.
5. Turn the drive chain slack adjusting bolts fully in direction (a) and push the wheel forward.



1. Drive chain slack adjusting bolt
2. Locknut

6. Remove the drive chain from the rear sprocket.

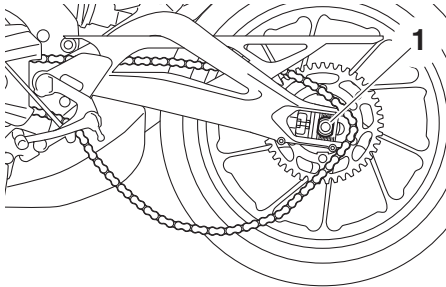
TIP

- If the drive chain is difficult to remove, remove the wheel axle first, and then lift the wheel upward enough to remove the drive chain from the rear sprocket.
- The drive chain cannot be disassembled.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

7. While supporting the brake caliper bracket, pull the wheel axle out, and then remove the wheel.

NOTICE: Do not apply the brake after the wheel and brake disc have been removed, otherwise the brake pads will be forced shut. [ECA11073]



1. Wheel axle

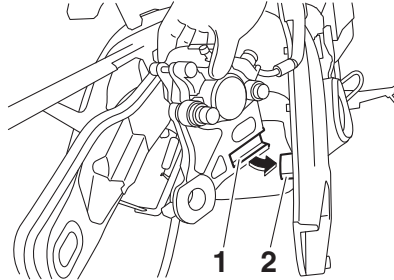
To install the rear wheel

1. Install the wheel and the brake caliper bracket by inserting the wheel axle from the left-hand side.

TIP

- Make sure that the slot in the brake caliper bracket is fit over the retainer on the swingarm.

- Make sure that there is enough space between the brake pads before installing the wheel.



1. Slot
2. Retainer

2. Install the drive chain onto the rear sprocket.
3. Install the axle nut.
4. Lower the rear wheel so that it is on the ground, and then put the sidestand down.
5. Adjust the drive chain slack. (See page 7-24.)
6. Tighten the axle nut, and then tighten the locknuts to the specified torques.

Tightening torques:

Axle nut:

150 Nm (15 m·kgf, 108 ft·lbf)

Locknut:

16 Nm (1.6 m·kgf, 12 ft·lbf)

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU25872

Troubleshooting

Although Yamaha motorcycles receive a thorough inspection before shipment from the factory, trouble may occur during operation. Any problem in the fuel, compression, or ignition systems, for example, can cause poor starting and loss of power.

The following troubleshooting charts represent quick and easy procedures for checking these vital systems yourself. However, should your motorcycle require any repair, take it to a Yamaha dealer, whose skilled technicians have the necessary tools, experience, and know-how to service the motorcycle properly.

Use only genuine Yamaha replacement parts. Imitation parts may look like Yamaha parts, but they are often inferior, have a shorter service life and can lead to expensive repair bills.

EWA15142



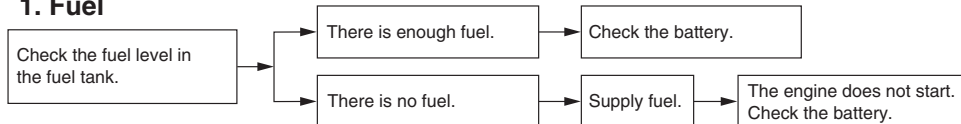
When checking the fuel system, do not smoke, and make sure there are no open flames or sparks in the area, including pilot lights from water

heaters or furnaces. Gasoline or gasoline vapors can ignite or explode, causing severe injury or property damage.

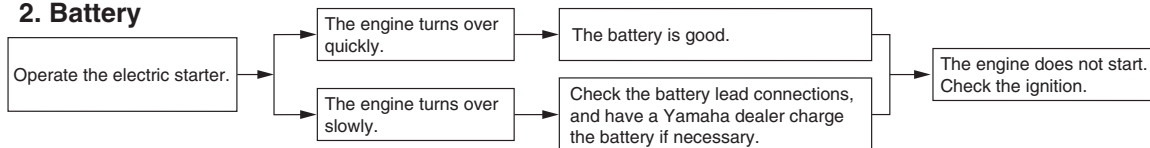
Troubleshooting charts

Starting problems or poor engine performance

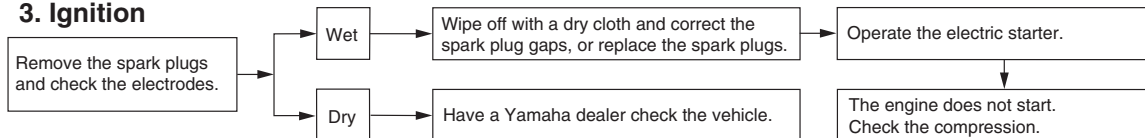
1. Fuel



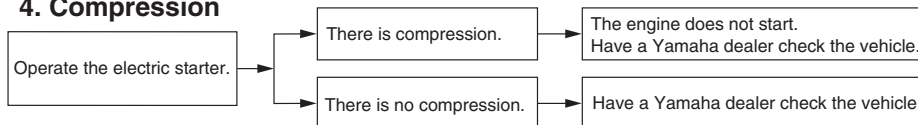
2. Battery



3. Ignition



4. Compression



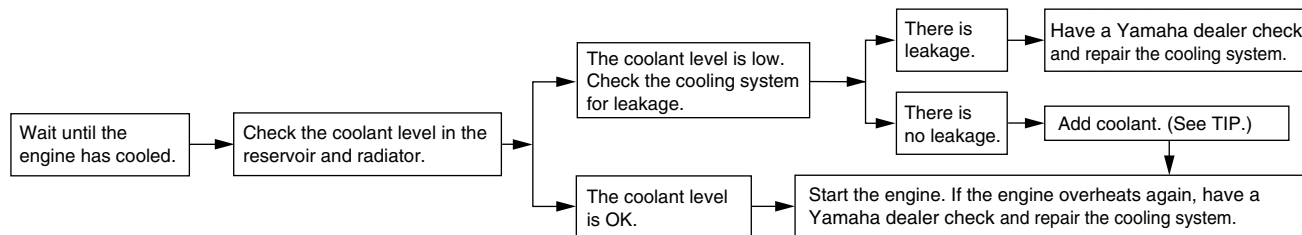
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

Engine overheating

EWA10401

WARNING

- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury. Be sure to wait until the engine has cooled.
- After removing the radiator cap retaining bolt, place a thick rag, like a towel, over the radiator cap, and then slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent to allow any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning it counterclockwise, and then remove the cap.



TIP

If coolant is not available, tap water can be temporarily used instead, provided that it is changed to the recommended coolant as soon as possible.

Matte color caution

EAU37834

NOTICE

ECA15193

Some models are equipped with matte colored finished parts. Be sure to consult a Yamaha dealer for advice on what products to use before cleaning the vehicle. Using a brush, harsh chemical products or cleaning compounds when cleaning these parts will scratch or damage their surface. Wax also should not be applied to any matte colored finished parts.

Care

EAU26015

While the open design of a motorcycle reveals the attractiveness of the technology, it also makes it more vulnerable. Rust and corrosion can develop even if high-quality components are used. A rusty exhaust pipe may go unnoticed on a car, however, it detracts from the overall appearance of a motorcycle. Frequent and proper care does not only comply with the terms of the warranty, but it will also keep your motorcycle looking good, extend its life and optimize its performance.

Before cleaning

1. Cover the muffler outlet with a plastic bag after the engine has cooled down.
2. Make sure that all caps and covers as well as all electrical couplers and connectors, including the spark plug caps, are tightly installed.
3. Remove extremely stubborn dirt, like oil burnt onto the crankcase, with a degreasing agent and a brush, but never apply such prod-

ucts onto seals, gaskets, sprockets, the drive chain and wheel axles. Always rinse the dirt and degreaser off with water.

Cleaning

ECA10773

NOTICE

- Avoid using strong acidic wheel cleaners, especially on spoked wheels. If such products are used on hard-to-remove dirt, do not leave the cleaner on the affected area any longer than instructed. Also, thoroughly rinse the area off with water, immediately dry it, and then apply a corrosion protection spray.
- Improper cleaning can damage plastic parts (such as cowlings, panels, windshields, headlight lenses, meter lenses, etc.) and the mufflers. Use only a soft, clean cloth or sponge with water to clean plastic. However, if the plastic parts cannot be thoroughly cleaned with water, diluted mild detergent with water may be used. Be sure to rinse

MOTORCYCLE CARE AND STORAGE

off any detergent residue using plenty of water, as it is harmful to plastic parts.

- Do not use any harsh chemical products on plastic parts. Be sure to avoid using cloths or sponges which have been in contact with strong or abrasive cleaning products, solvent or thinner, fuel (gasoline), rust removers or inhibitors, brake fluid, antifreeze or electrolyte.
- Do not use high-pressure washers or steam-jet cleaners since they cause water seepage and deterioration in the following areas: seals (of wheel and swing-arm bearings, fork and brakes), electric components (couplers, connectors, instruments, switches and lights), breather hoses and vents.
- For motorcycles equipped with a windshield: Do not use strong cleaners or hard sponges as they will cause dulling or scratching. Some cleaning compounds for plastic may leave scratches on the wind-

shield. Test the product on a small hidden part of the windshield to make sure that it does not leave any marks. If the windshield is scratched, use a quality plastic polishing compound after washing.

After normal use

Remove dirt with warm water, a mild detergent, and a soft, clean sponge, and then rinse thoroughly with clean water. Use a toothbrush or bottlebrush for hard-to-reach areas. Stubborn dirt and insects will come off more easily if the area is covered with a wet cloth for a few minutes before cleaning.

After riding in the rain, near the sea or on salt-sprayed roads

Since sea salt or salt sprayed on roads during winter are extremely corrosive in combination with water, carry out the following steps after each ride in the rain, near the sea or on salt-sprayed roads.

TIP

Salt sprayed on roads in the winter may remain well into spring.

1. Clean the motorcycle with cold water and a mild detergent, after the engine has cooled down.
NOTICE: Do not use warm water since it increases the corrosive action of the salt. [ECA10792]
2. Apply a corrosion protection spray on all metal, including chrome- and nickel-plated, surfaces to prevent corrosion.

After cleaning

1. Dry the motorcycle with a chamois or an absorbing cloth.
2. Immediately dry the drive chain and lubricate it to prevent it from rusting.
3. Use a chrome polish to shine chrome, aluminum and stainless-steel parts, including the exhaust system. (Even the thermally induced discoloring of stainless-steel exhaust systems can be removed through polishing.)

4. To prevent corrosion, it is recommended to apply a corrosion protection spray on all metal, including chrome- and nickel-plated, surfaces.
5. Use spray oil as a universal cleaner to remove any remaining dirt.
6. Touch up minor paint damage caused by stones, etc.
7. Wax all painted surfaces.
8. Let the motorcycle dry completely before storing or covering it.

EWA11132

WARNING

Contaminants on the brakes or tires can cause loss of control.

- **Make sure that there is no oil or wax on the brakes or tires.**
- **If necessary, clean the brake discs and brake linings with a regular brake disc cleaner or acetone, and wash the tires with warm water and a mild detergent. Before riding at higher speeds, test the motorcycle's braking performance and cornering behavior.**

NOTICE

ECA10801

- **Apply spray oil and wax sparingly and make sure to wipe off any excess.**
- **Never apply oil or wax to any rubber and plastic parts, but treat them with a suitable care product.**
- **Avoid using abrasive polishing compounds as they will wear away the paint.**

TIP

- Consult a Yamaha dealer for advice on what products to use.
- Washing, rainy weather or humid climates can cause the headlight lens to fog. Turning the headlight on for a short period of time will help remove the moisture from the lens.

Storage

EAU26183

Short-term

Always store your motorcycle in a cool, dry place and, if necessary, protect it against dust with a porous cover. Be sure the engine and the exhaust system are cool before covering the motorcycle.

ECA10811

NOTICE

- **Storing the motorcycle in a poorly ventilated room or covering it with a tarp, while it is still wet, will allow water and humidity to seep in and cause rust.**
- **To prevent corrosion, avoid damp cellars, stables (because of the presence of ammonia) and areas where strong chemicals are stored.**

Long-term

Before storing your motorcycle for several months:

1. Follow all the instructions in the "Care" section of this chapter.

MOTORCYCLE CARE AND STORAGE

2. Fill up the fuel tank and add fuel stabilizer (if available) to prevent the fuel tank from rusting and the fuel from deteriorating.
3. Perform the following steps to protect the cylinders, piston rings, etc. from corrosion.
 - a. Remove the spark plug caps and spark plugs.
 - b. Pour a teaspoonful of engine oil into each spark plug bore.
 - c. Install the spark plug caps onto the spark plugs, and then place the spark plugs on the cylinder head so that the electrodes are grounded. (This will limit sparking during the next step.)
 - d. Turn the engine over several times with the starter. (This will coat the cylinder walls with oil.)
- e. Remove the spark plug caps from the spark plugs, and then install the spark plugs and the spark plug caps.
4. Lubricate all control cables and the pivoting points of all levers and pedals as well as of the side-stand/centerstand.
5. Check and, if necessary, correct the tire air pressure, and then lift the motorcycle so that both of its wheels are off the ground. Alternatively, turn the wheels a little every month in order to prevent the tires from becoming degraded in one spot.
6. Cover the muffler outlet with a plastic bag to prevent moisture from entering it.
7. Remove the battery and fully charge it. Store it in a cool, dry place and charge it once a month. Do not store the battery in an excessively cold or warm place [less than 0 °C (30 °F) or more than 30 °C (90 °F)]. For more information on storing the battery, see page 7-30.

[EWA10952]

TIP

Make any necessary repairs before storing the motorcycle.

Dimensions:

Overall length:
2075 mm (81.7 in)
Overall width:
815 mm (32.1 in)
Overall height:
1135 mm (44.7 in)
Seat height:
815 mm (32.1 in)
Wheelbase:
1440 mm (56.7 in)
Ground clearance:
135 mm (5.31 in)
Minimum turning radius:
3037 mm (119.6 in)

Weight:

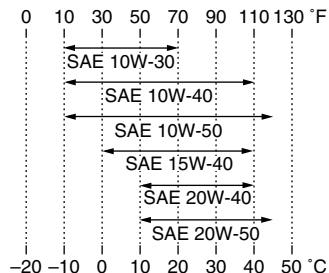
Curb weight:
FZ09E 188 kg (414 lb)
FZ09EC 189 kg (417 lb)

Engine:

Engine type:
Liquid cooled 4-stroke, DOHC
Cylinder arrangement:
Inline 3-cylinder
Displacement:
847 cm³
Bore × stroke:
78.0 × 59.1 mm (3.07 × 2.33 in)
Compression ratio:
11.50 : 1
Starting system:
Electric starter
Lubrication system:
Wet sump

Engine oil:

Recommended brand:
YAMALUBE
Type:
SAE 10W-30, 10W-40, 10W-50, 15W-40,
20W-40 or 20W-50



Recommended engine oil grade:
API service SG type or higher, JASO
standard MA
Engine oil quantity:

Without oil filter cartridge replacement:
2.40 L (2.54 US qt, 2.11 Imp.qt)
With oil filter cartridge replacement:
2.70 L (2.85 US qt, 2.38 Imp.qt)

Cooling system:

Coolant reservoir capacity (up to the
maximum level mark):
0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)
Radiator capacity (including all routes):
1.93 L (2.04 US qt, 1.70 Imp.qt)

Air filter:

Air filter element:
Oil-coated paper element

Fuel:

Recommended fuel:
Premium unleaded gasoline (Gasohol (E10)
acceptable)
Fuel tank capacity:
14.0 L (3.70 US gal, 3.08 Imp.gal)
Fuel reserve amount:
2.8 L (0.74 US gal, 0.62 Imp.gal)

Fuel injection:

Throttle body:
ID mark:
FZ09E 1RC1 00
FZ09EC 1RC5 10

Spark plug(s):

Manufacturer/model:
NGK/CPR9EA9
Spark plug gap:
0.8–0.9 mm (0.031–0.035 in)

Clutch:

Clutch type:
Wet, multiple-disc

Transmission:

Primary reduction ratio:
1.681 (79/47)
Final drive:
Chain
Secondary reduction ratio:
2.813 (45/16)
Transmission type:
Constant mesh 6-speed
Operation:
Left foot operation

SPECIFICATIONS

Gear ratio:

- 1st:
2.667 (40/15)
- 2nd:
2.000 (38/19)
- 3rd:
1.619 (34/21)
- 4th:
1.381 (29/21)
- 5th:
1.190 (25/21)
- 6th:
1.037 (28/27)

Chassis:

- Frame type:
Diamond
- Caster angle:
25.00 °
- Trail:
103 mm (4.1 in)

Front tire:

- Type:
Tubeless
- Size:
120/70 ZR17M/C (58W)

Manufacturer/model:
BRIDGESTONE/S20F

Manufacturer/model:
DUNLOP/D214F

Rear tire:

- Type:
Tubeless
- Size:
180/55 ZR17M/C (73W)

Manufacturer/model:

BRIDGESTONE/S20R

Manufacturer/model:

DUNLOP/D214

Loading:

Maximum load:

FZ09E 177 kg (390 lb)

FZ09EC 176 kg (388 lb)

(Total weight of rider, passenger, cargo
and accessories)

Tire air pressure (measured on cold tires):

Loading condition:

0–90 kg (0–198 lb)

Front:

250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)

Rear:

290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

Loading condition:

FZ09E 90–177 kg (198–390 lb)

FZ09EC 90–176 kg (198–388 lb)

Front:

250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)

Rear:

290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

High-speed riding:

Front:

250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)

Rear:

290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

Front wheel:

Wheel type:

Cast wheel

Rim size:

17M/C x MT3.50

Rear wheel:

Wheel type:

Cast wheel

Rim size:

17M/C x MT5.50

Front brake:

Type:

Dual disc brake

Operation:

Right hand operation

Specified brake fluid:

DOT 4

Rear brake:

Type:

Single disc brake

Operation:

Right foot operation

Specified brake fluid:

DOT 4

Front suspension:

Type:

Telescopic fork

Spring/shock absorber type:

Coil spring/oil damper

Wheel travel:

137.0 mm (5.39 in)

Rear suspension:

Type:

Swingarm (link suspension)

Spring/shock absorber type:

Coil spring/gas-oil damper

Wheel travel:
130.0 mm (5.12 in)

Electrical system:

Ignition system:
TCI
Charging system:
AC magneto

Battery:

Model:
YTZ10S
Voltage, capacity:
12 V, 8.6 Ah

Headlight:

Bulb type:
Halogen bulb

Bulb voltage, wattage × quantity:

Headlight:
12 V, 60.0 W/55.0 W × 1
Tail/brake light:
LED
Front turn signal/position light:
12 V, 21.0 W/5.0 W × 2
Rear turn signal light:
12 V, 21.0 W × 2
Auxiliary light:
12 V, 5.0 W × 2
License plate light:
12 V, 5.0 W × 1
Meter lighting:
LED
Neutral indicator light:
LED
High beam indicator light:
LED

Oil level warning light:
LED
Turn signal indicator light:
LED
Coolant temperature warning light:
LED
Engine trouble warning light:
LED

Fuses:

Main fuse:
50.0 A
Auxiliary fuse:
2.0 A
Headlight fuse:
15.0 A
Signaling system fuse:
7.5 A
Ignition fuse:
15.0 A
Parking lighting fuse:
10.0 A
Radiator fan fuse:
15.0 A
Fuel injection system fuse:
10.0 A
Backup fuse:
7.5 A
Electronic throttle valve fuse:
7.5 A

CONSUMER INFORMATION

Identification numbers

Record the key identification number, vehicle identification number and model label information in the spaces provided below for assistance when ordering spare parts from a Yamaha dealer or for reference in case the vehicle is stolen.

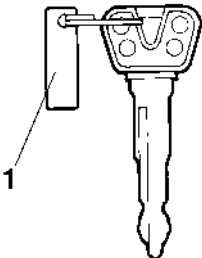
KEY IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

MODEL LABEL INFORMATION:

EAU26354

Key identification number

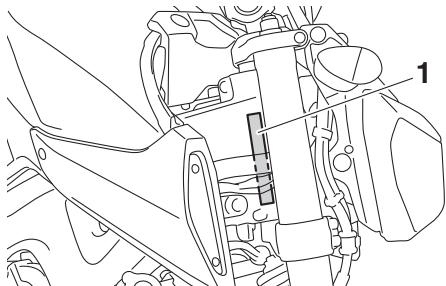


1. Key identification number

The key identification number is stamped into the key tag. Record this number in the space provided and use it for reference when ordering a new key.

EAU26382

Vehicle identification number



1. Vehicle identification number

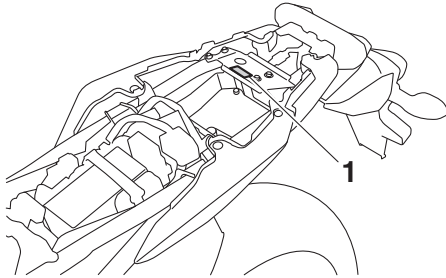
The vehicle identification number is stamped into the steering head pipe. Record this number in the space provided.

TIP _____
The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your area.

EAU26401

Model label

EAU26481

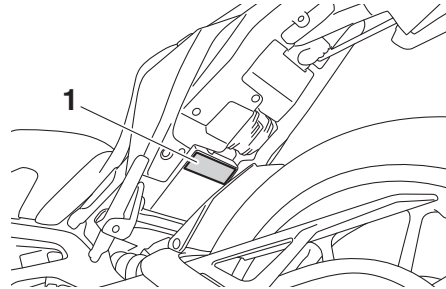


1. Model label

The model label is affixed to the frame under the seat. (See page 4-17.) Record the information on this label in the space provided. This information will be needed when ordering spare parts from a Yamaha dealer.

Vehicle Emission Control Information label

EAU48271



1. Vehicle Emission Control Information label

The Vehicle Emission Control Information label is affixed at the location in the illustration. This label shows specifications related to exhaust emissions as required by federal law, state law and Environment Canada.

CONSUMER INFORMATION

EAU26553

Reporting safety defects

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A.

To contact NHTSA, you may call the Vehicle Safety Hotline toll-free at 1-888-327-4236 (TTY: 1-800-424-9153); go to <http://www.safercar.gov>; or write to: Administrator, NHTSA, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, West Building, Washington, DC 20590. You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from <http://www.safercar.gov>.

Motorcycle noise regulation

TAMPERING WITH NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM PROHIBITED:

Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof: (1) The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use or (2) the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

“AMONG THOSE ACTS PRESUMED TO CONSTITUTE TAMPERING ARE THE ACTS LISTED BELOW”.

These acts include tampering with the following systems; i.e., modification, removal, etc.

Exhaust system

- Muffler
- Exhaust pipe
- Silencer

Intake system

- Air cleaner case
- Air cleaner element
- Intake duct

CONSUMER INFORMATION

EAU26633

Maintenance record

Copies of work orders and/or receipts for parts purchased and installed on your vehicle will be required to document that maintenance has been completed in accordance with the emissions warranty. The chart below is printed only as a reminder that maintenance work is required. It is not acceptable proof of maintenance work.

Maintenance interval	Date of service	Mileage	Servicing dealer name and address	Remarks
600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month				
4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months				
8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months				
12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months				
16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months				
20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months				
24000 mi (37000 km) or 36 months				
28000 mi (43000 km) or 42 months				
32000 mi (49000 km) or 48 months				

CONSUMER INFORMATION

Maintenance interval	Date of service	Mileage	Servicing dealer name and address	Remarks
36000 mi (55000 km) or 54 months				
40000 mi (61000 km) or 60 months				

CONSUMER INFORMATION

EAU26664

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. STREET AND ENDURO MOTORCYCLE LIMITED WARRANTY

Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. hereby warrants that new Yamaha motorcycles will be free from defects in material and workmanship for the period of time stated herein, subject to certain stated limitations.

THE PERIOD OF WARRANTY for Yamaha motorcycles originally equipped with headlight, stoplight, and turn signals shall be one (1) year from the date of purchase, with no mileage limitation.

MODELS EXCLUDED FROM WARRANTY include those used for non-Yamaha-authorized renting, leasing or other commercial purposes, and TZ models.

DURING THE PERIOD OF WARRANTY, any authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer will, free of charge, repair or replace any part adjudged defective by Yamaha due to faulty workmanship or material from the factory. Parts used in warranty repairs will be warranted for the balance of the product's warranty period. All parts replaced under warranty become property of Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A.

GENERAL EXCLUSIONS from this warranty shall include any failures caused by:

- a) Competition or racing use.
- b) Installation of parts or accessories that are not qualitatively equivalent to genuine Yamaha parts.
- c) Abnormal strain, neglect, or abuse.
- d) Lack of proper maintenance.
- e) Accident or collision damage.
- f) Modification to original parts.

SPECIFIC EXCLUSIONS from this warranty shall include parts replaced due to normal wear or routine maintenance.

THE CUSTOMER'S RESPONSIBILITY under this warranty shall be to:

1. Operate and maintain the motorcycle as specified in the appropriate Owner's Manual, and
2. Give notice to an authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer of any and all apparent defects within ten (10) days after discovery, and make the machine available at that time for inspection and repairs at such dealer's place of business.

WARRANTY TRANSFER: To transfer the warranty from the original purchaser to any subsequent purchaser, it is imperative that the machine be inspected and registered for warranty by an authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer. In order for this warranty to remain in effect, this inspection and registration must take place within ten (10) days after transfer. An inspection and registration fee will be charged for this service.

EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY:

Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. also warrants to the ultimate purchaser and each subsequent purchaser of each Yamaha motorcycle covered by this warranty with a displacement of 50cc or greater, that the vehicle is designed, built, and equipped so as to conform at the time of sale with all U.S. emissions standards applicable at the time of manufacture and that it is free from defects in materials and workmanship which would cause it not to meet these standards within the period listed immediately below. Failures other than those resulting from defects in material or workmanship, which arise solely as a result of owner abuse and/or lack of proper maintenance, are not covered by this warranty.

Engine Displacement	Period
Under 50cc	6,000 km (3,750 miles) or five years, whichever occurs first
50cc to 169cc	12,000 km (7,465 miles) or five years whichever occurs first
170cc to 279cc	18,000 km (11,185 miles) or five years, whichever occurs first
280cc and over	30,000 km (18,641 miles) or five years, whichever occurs first

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WHICH EXCEED THE OBLIGATIONS AND TIME LIMITS STATED IN THIS WARRANTY ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED BY YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. AND EXCLUDED FROM THIS WARRANTY.

SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATIONS ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. ALSO EXCLUDED FROM THIS WARRANTY ARE ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES INCLUDING LOSS OF USE. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE ABOVE EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.

THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS, AND YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS WHICH VARY FROM STATE TO STATE.

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A.
P.O. Box 6555
Cypress, California 90630

WARRANTY QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

- Q. What costs are my responsibility during the warranty period?
- A. The customer's responsibility includes all costs of normal maintenance services, non-warranty repairs, accident and collision damages, and oil, oil filters, air filters, spark plugs, and brake shoes.
- Q. What are some examples of "abnormal" strain, neglect, or abuse?
- A. These terms are general and overlap each other in areas. Specific examples include: Running the machine out of oil, sustained high rpm, full-throttle, operating the machine with a broken or damaged part which causes another part to fail, damage or failure due to improper or careless transportation and/or tie-down. If you have any specific questions on operation or maintenance, please contact your dealer for advice.
- Q. Does the warranty cover incidental costs such as towing or transportation due to a failure?
- A. No. The warranty is limited to repair of the machine itself.
- Q. May I perform any or all of the recommended maintenance shown in the Owner's Manual instead of having the dealer do them?
- A. Yes, if you are a qualified mechanic and follow the procedures specified in the Owner's and Service Manual. We do recommend, however, that items requiring special tools or equipment be done by a Yamaha motorcycle dealer.
- Q. Will the warranty be void or cancelled if I do not operate or maintain my new motorcycle exactly as specified in the Owner's Manual?
- A. No. The warranty on a new motorcycle cannot be "voided" or "cancelled." **However, if a particular failure is caused by operation or maintenance other than as described in the Owner's Manual, that failure may not be covered under warranty.**
- Q. What responsibility does my dealer have under this warranty?
- A. Each Yamaha motorcycle dealer is expected to:
1. Completely set up every new machine before sale.
 2. Explain the operation, maintenance, and warranty requirements to your satisfaction at the time of sale, and upon your request at any later date.
 3. Each Yamaha motorcycle dealer is held responsible for his setup, service and warranty repair work.
- Q. Is the warranty transferable to second owners?
- A. Yes. The remainder of the existing warranty can be transferred upon request. The unit has to be inspected and re-registered by an authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer for the policy to remain effective.

CUSTOMER SERVICE

If your machine requires warranty service, you must take it to any authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer within the continental United States. Be sure to bring your warranty registration card or other valid proof of the original date of purchase. If a question or problem arises regarding the warranty, first contact the owner of the dealership. Since all warranty matters are handled at the dealer level, this person is in the best position to help you. If you are still not satisfied and require additional assistance, please write to:

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A.
CUSTOMER RELATIONS DEPARTMENT
P.O. Box 6555
Cypress, California 90630

When contacting Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A., don't forget to include any important information such as names, addresses, model, V.I.N. (frame number), dates, and receipts.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

The federal government requires each manufacturer of a motor vehicle to maintain a complete, up-to-date list of all first purchasers against the possibility of a safety-related defect and recall. This list is compiled from the purchase registrations sent to Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. by the selling dealer at the time of your purchase.

If you should move after you have purchased your new motorcycle, please advise us of your new address by sending a postcard listing your motorcycle model name, V.I.N. (frame number), dealer number (or dealer's name) as it is shown on your warranty card, your name and new mailing address. Mail to:

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A.
P.O. Box 6555
Cypress, California 90630
Attention: Warranty Department

This will ensure that Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. has an up-to-date registration record in accordance with federal law.

YAMAHA EXTENDED SERVICE (Y.E.S.)

Keep your Yamaha protected even after your warranty expires with genuine Yamaha Extended Service (Y.E.S.).

- Y.E.S. is designed and administered by Yamaha Motor Corporation to provide maximum owner satisfaction. You get uninterrupted factory-backed coverage for extra peace of mind.
- Y.E.S. is flexible. You choose the plan that's right for you: 12 months, 24 months, 36 months or, on certain models, even 48 months beyond your warranty period.
- Y.E.S. is designed and administered by the same Yamaha people who handle your warranty – and it shows in the comprehensive coverage benefits. There are no mileage limitations. Coverage isn't limited to "moving parts" or the "drive train" like many other plans. And Y.E.S. covers manufacturing defects just like the warranty. See the sample contract at your Yamaha dealer to see how comforting uninterrupted factory-backed protection can be.
- You don't have to pay anything for covered repairs. There's no deductible to pay, and repairs aren't "pro-rated." You don't have any "out-of-pocket" expenses for covered repairs.
- In addition, Travel and Recreation Interruption Protection (TRIP) is included at no extra cost. TRIP gives you up to \$250 reimbursement per occurrence for any reasonable expenses you incur because your Yamaha needs covered service: replacement vehicle rental, emergency towing, phone calls, even food and lodging when you are away from home. This superb coverage goes into effect when you purchase Y.E.S., so it applies to any warranty repairs as well as covered repairs during your entire Y.E.S. plan period.
- Y.E.S. coverage is honored at any authorized Yamaha dealer nationwide.
- Y.E.S. coverage is transferable to a new owner if you sell or trade-in. That can make your Yamaha much more valuable!

This excellent Y.E.S. plan coverage is only available to Yamaha owners like you, and only while your Yamaha is still within the Yamaha Limited Warranty period. So visit your authorized Yamaha dealer to get all the facts. He can show you how easy it is to protect your investment with Yamaha Extended Service.

CONSUMER INFORMATION

We urge you to act now. You'll get the excellent benefits of TRIP coverage right away, and you'll rest easy knowing you'll have strong factory-backed protection even after your Yamaha Limited Warranty expires.

A special note:

If visiting your dealer isn't convenient, contact Yamaha with your Primary ID number (your frame number). We'll be happy to help you get the Y.E.S. coverage you need.

Yamaha Service Marketing

P.O. Box 6555

Cypress, CA 90630

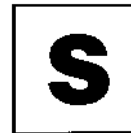
1-(866)-YES-EXTD (1-866-937-3983)



YAMAHA



EXTENDED



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